

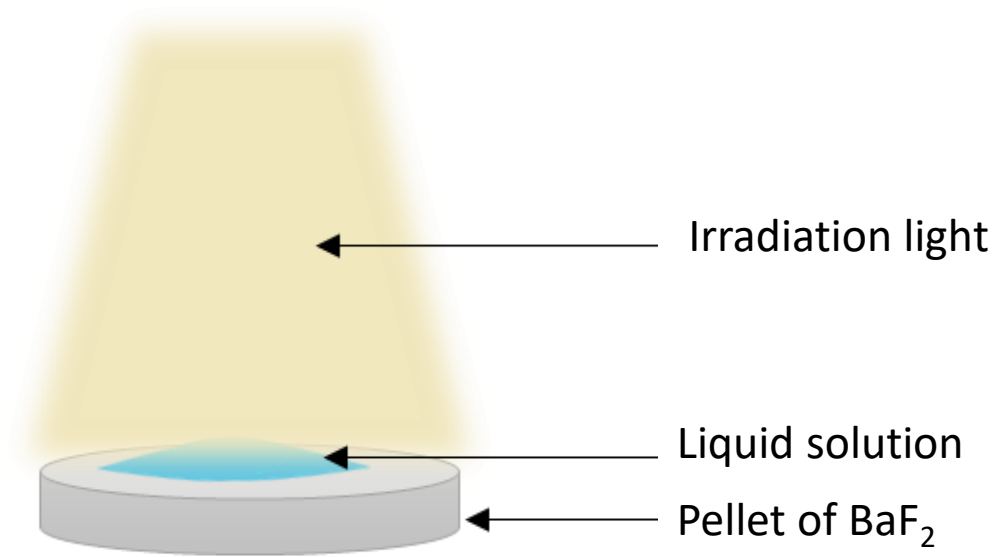
Synthesis of innovative and bio-based materials for bacterial depollution

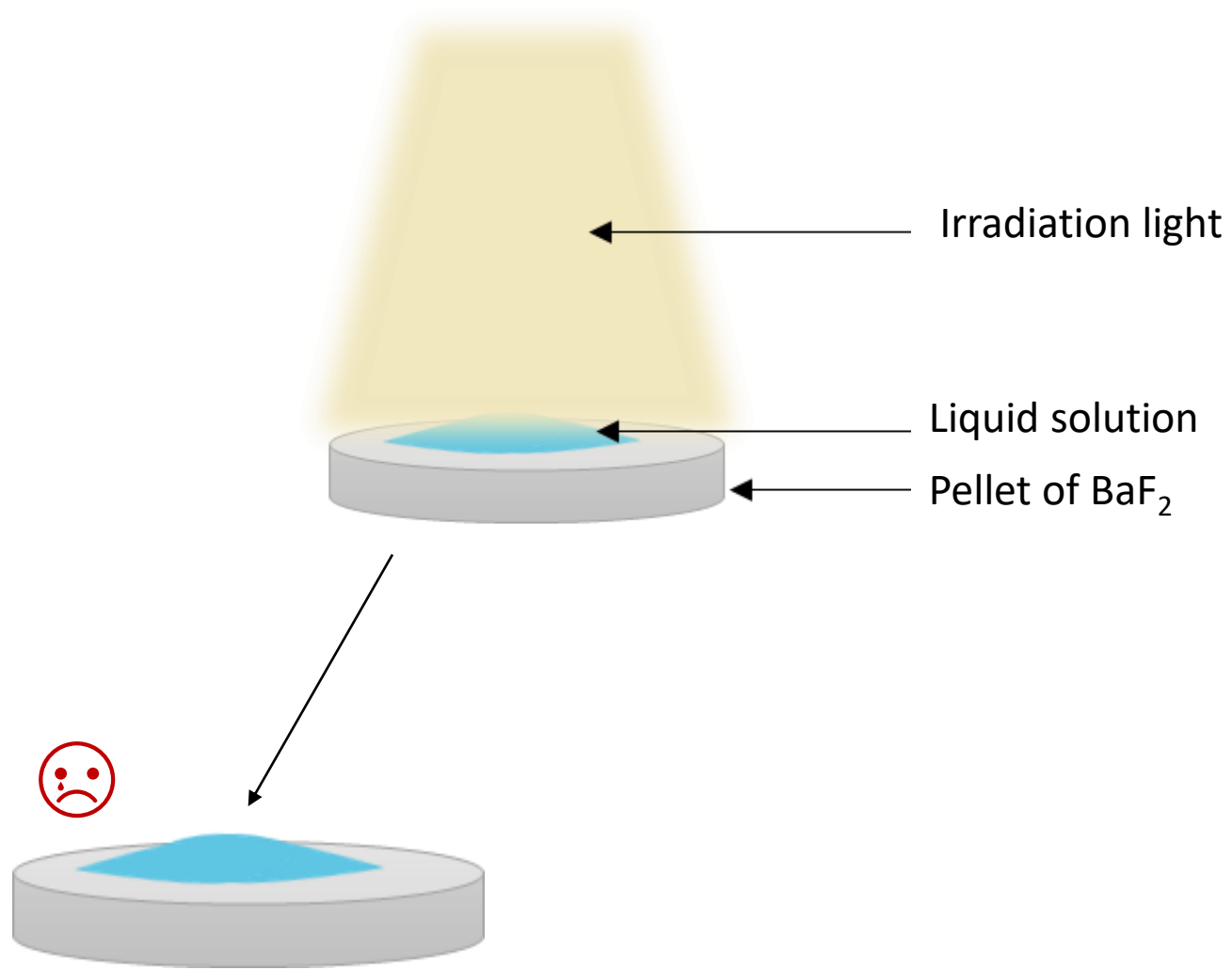
Christine Elian

Régis MOILLERON

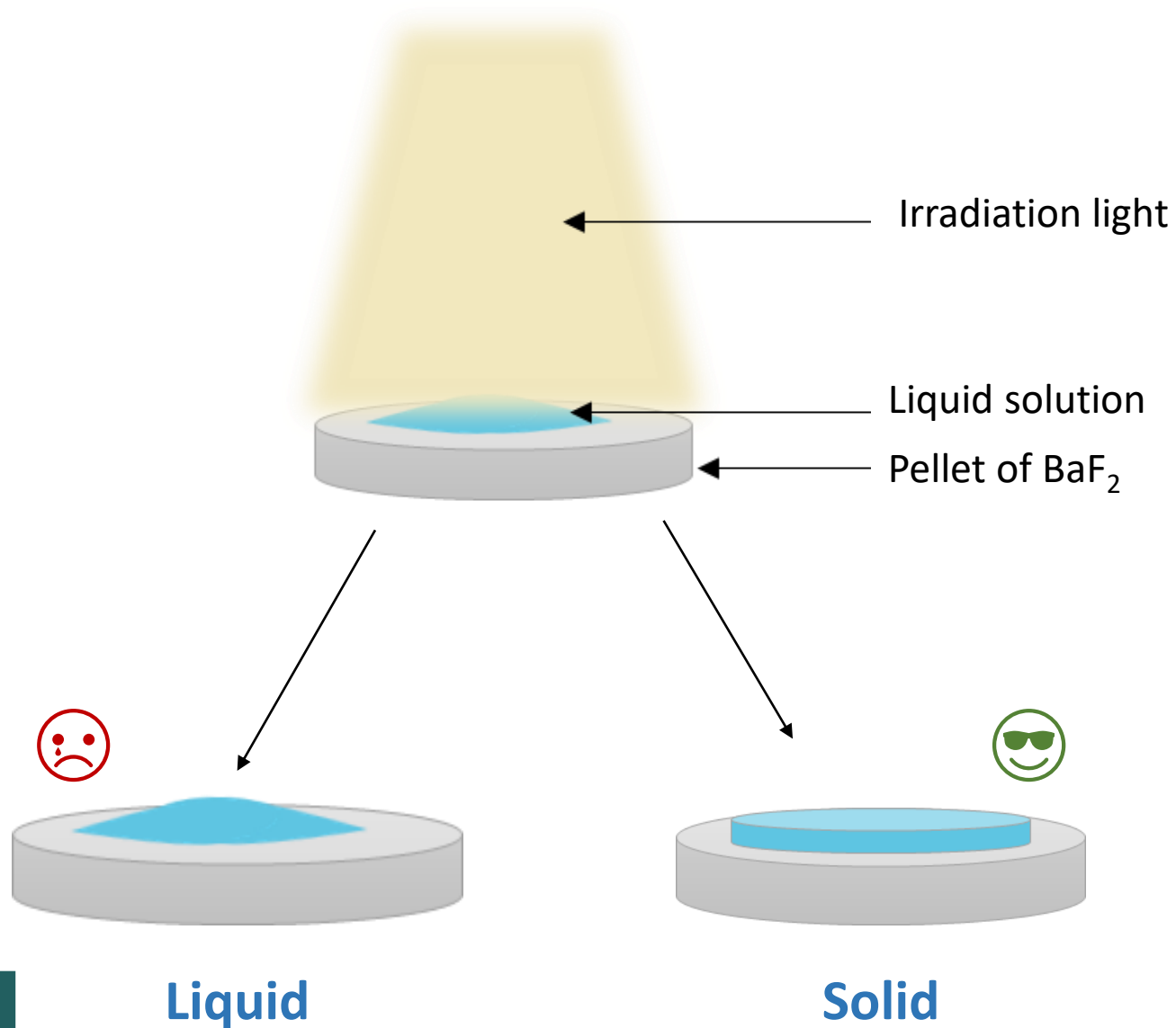
Davy-Louis VERSACE

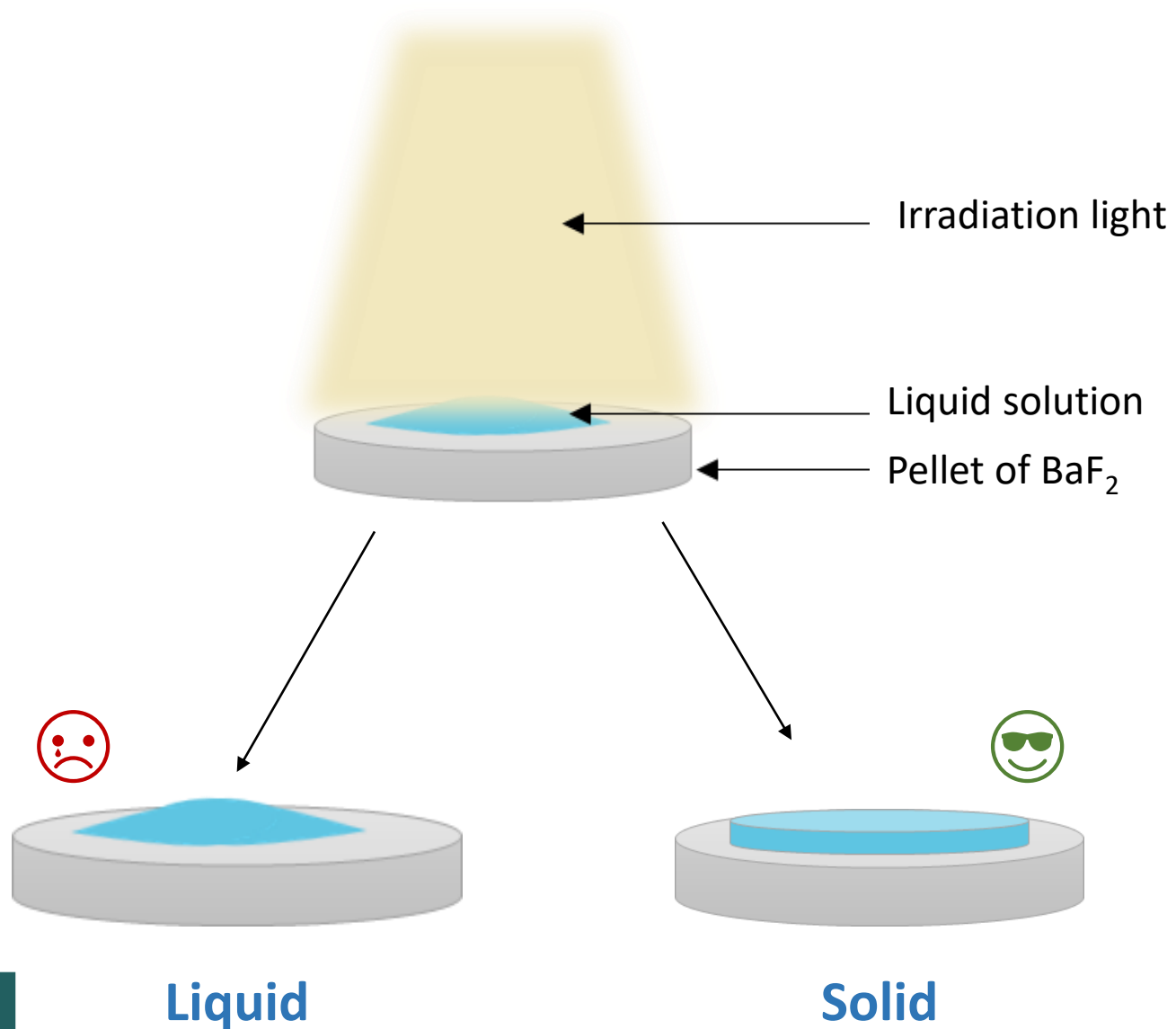
Samir ABBAD ANDALOUSSI





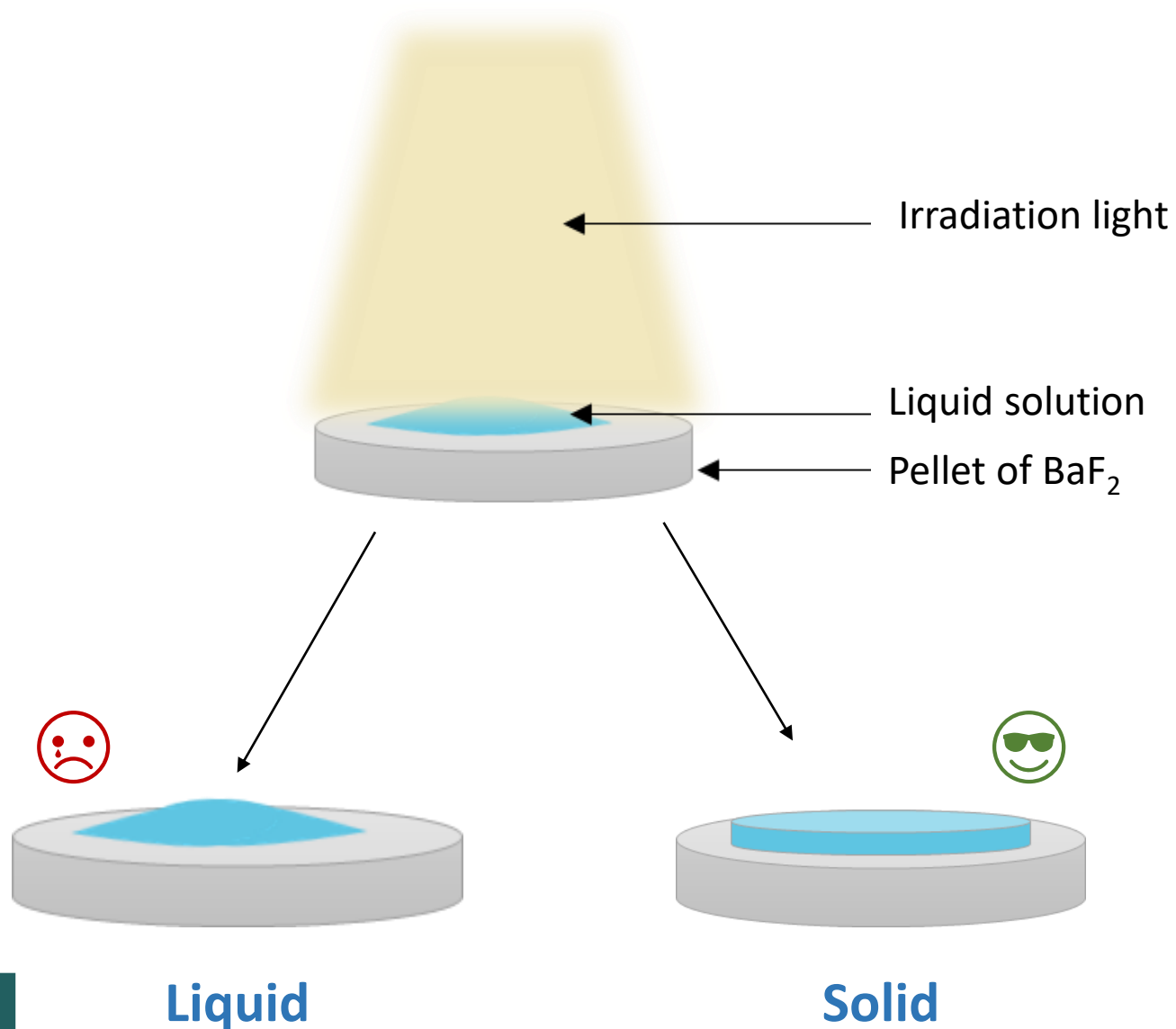
Liquid





Drawbacks

- X Currently: UV sources
- X Bad for the environment and the operator



Drawbacks

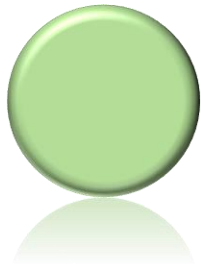
- ✗ Currently: UV sources
- ✗ Bad for the environment and the operator

Advantages:

- ✓ Solvent-free
- ✓ No heating
- ✓ Economical and environmentally friendly



Polymer:

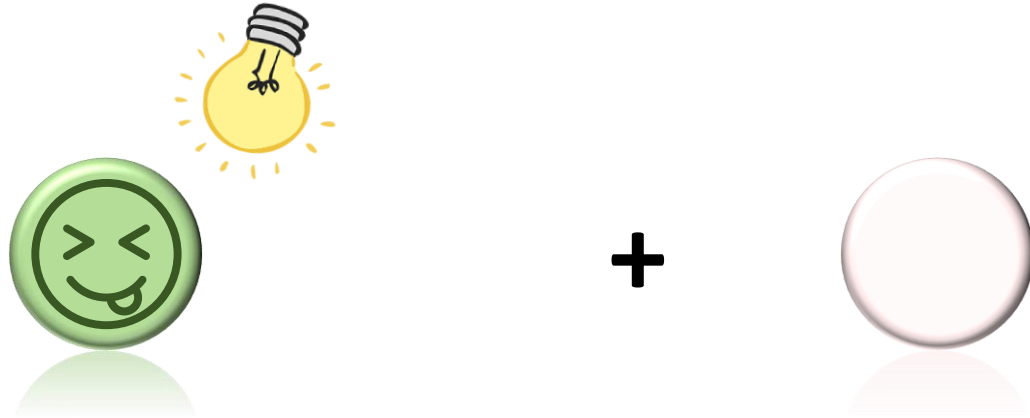


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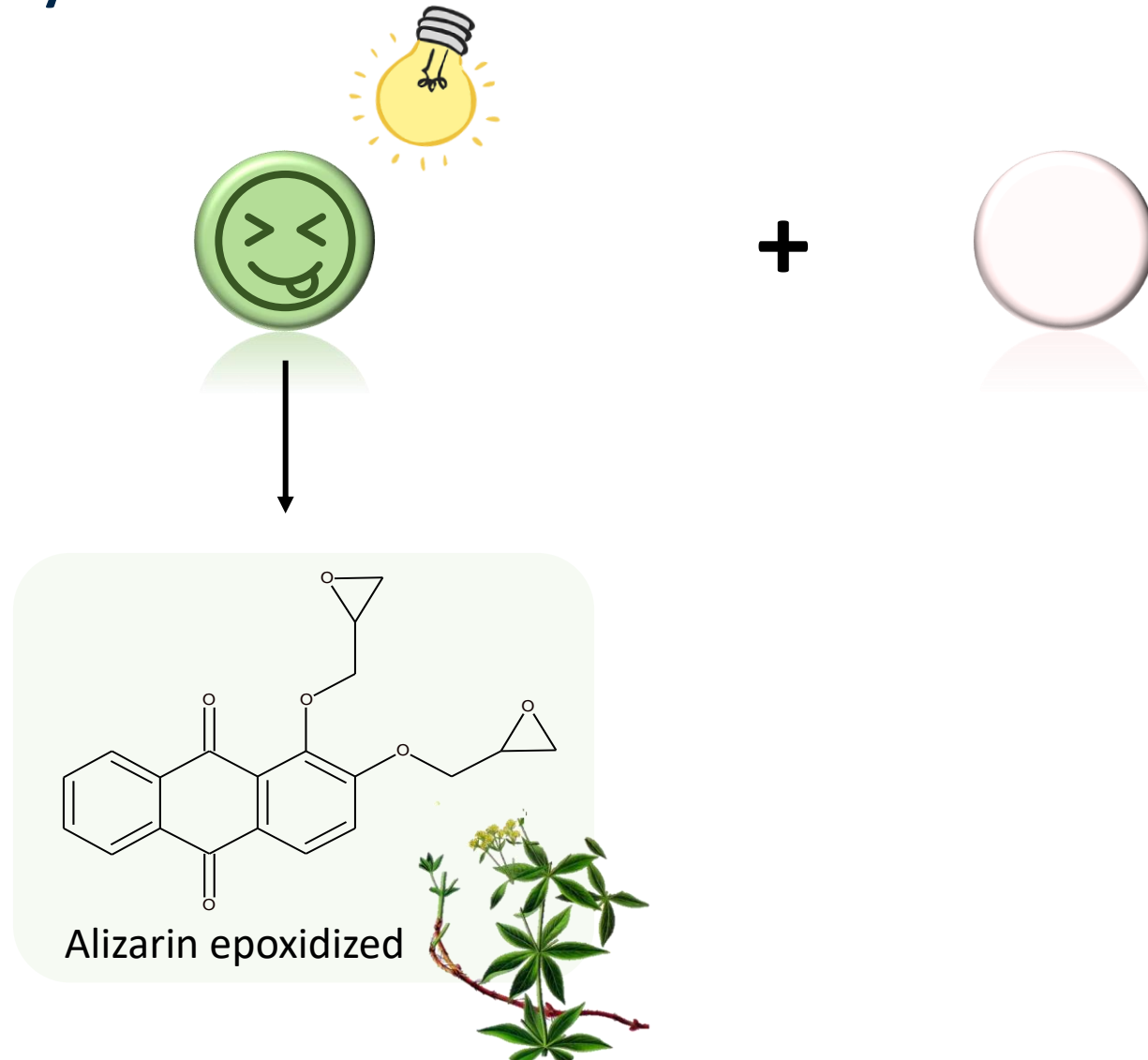




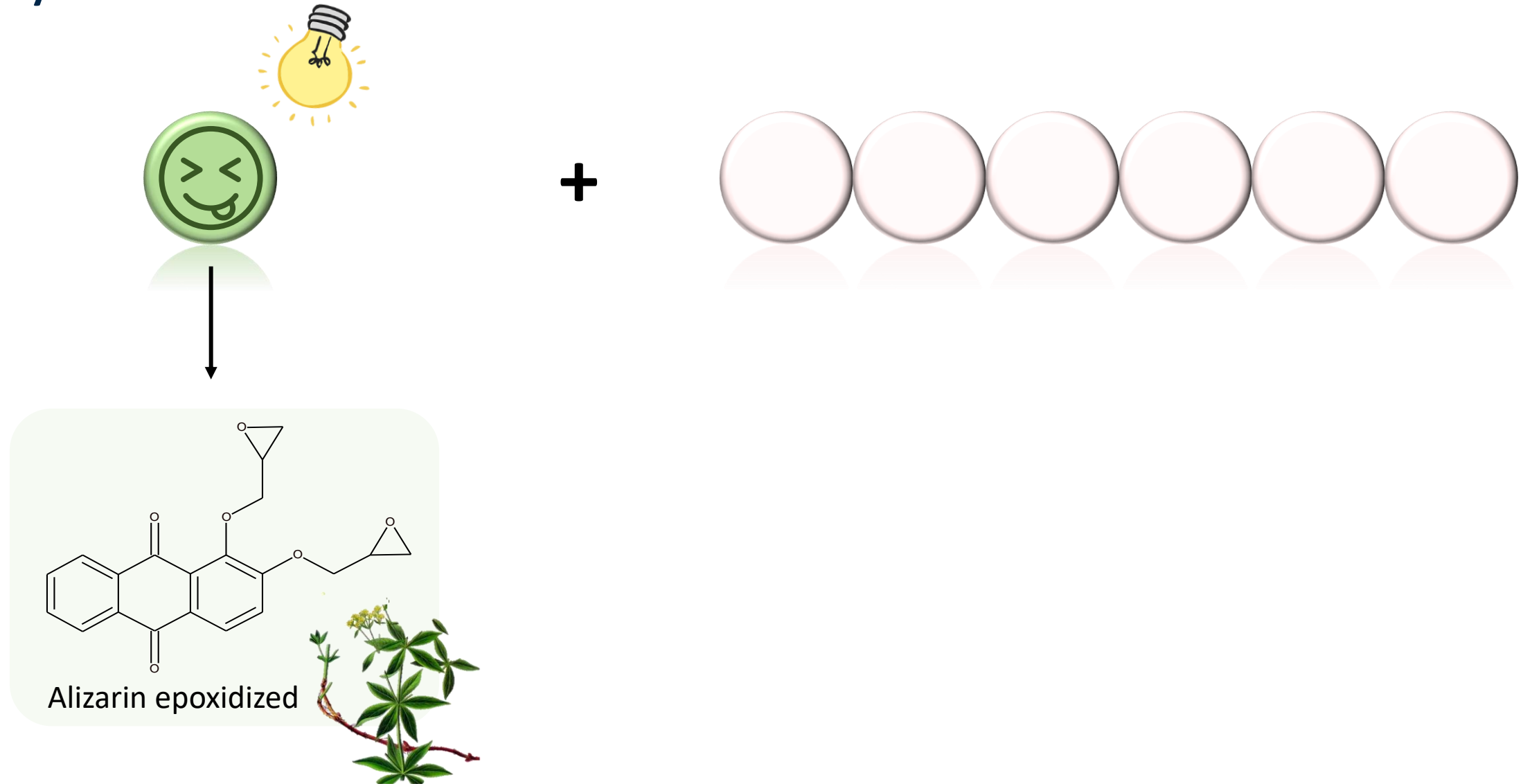
Polymer:



Polymer:



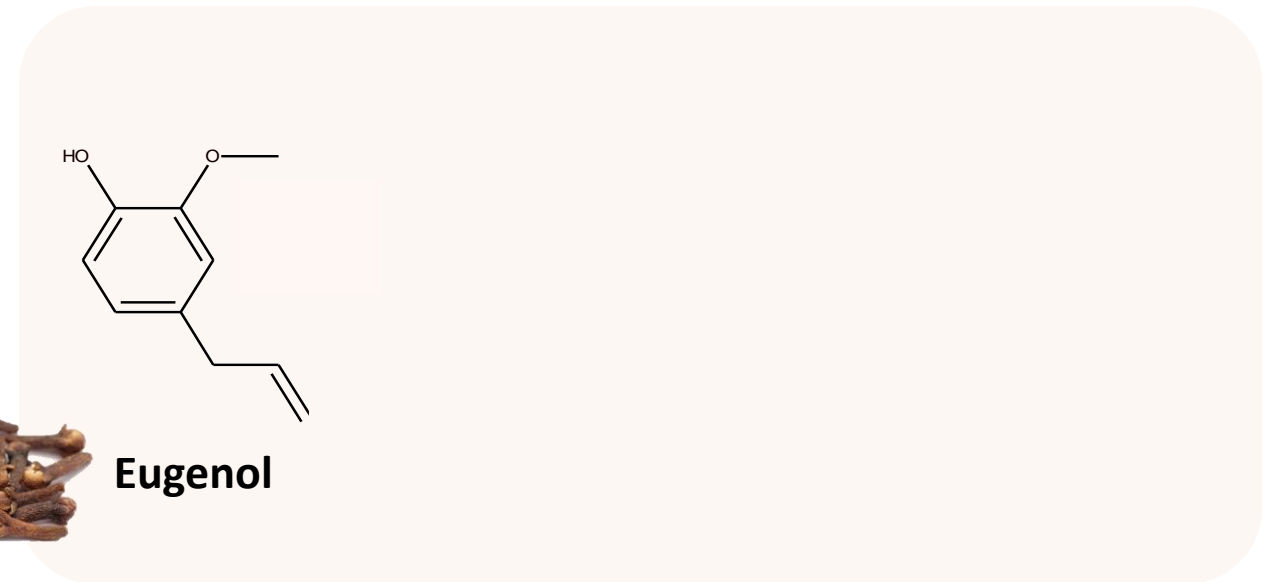
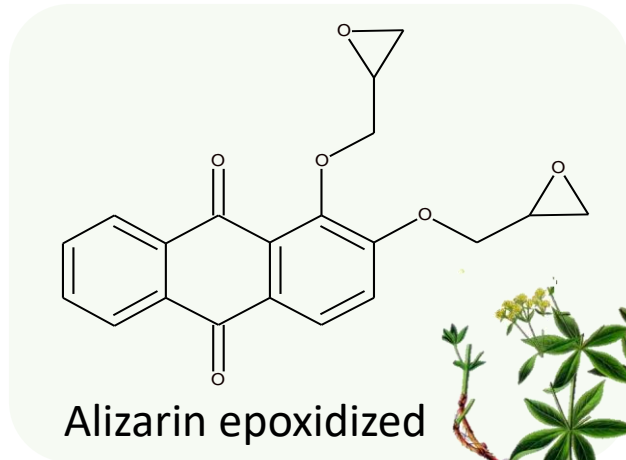
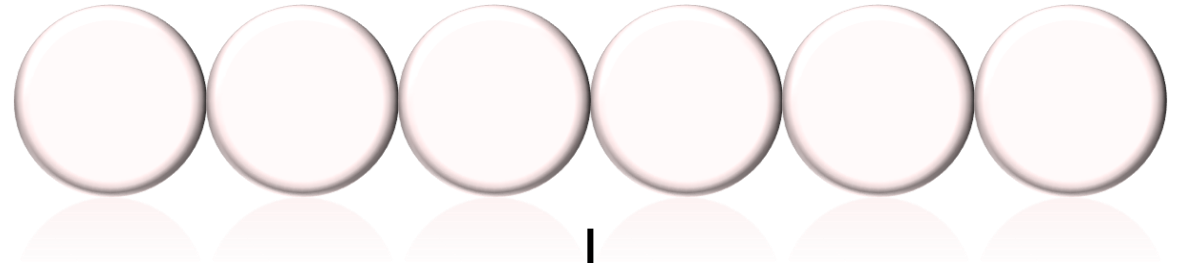
Polymer:



Polymer:



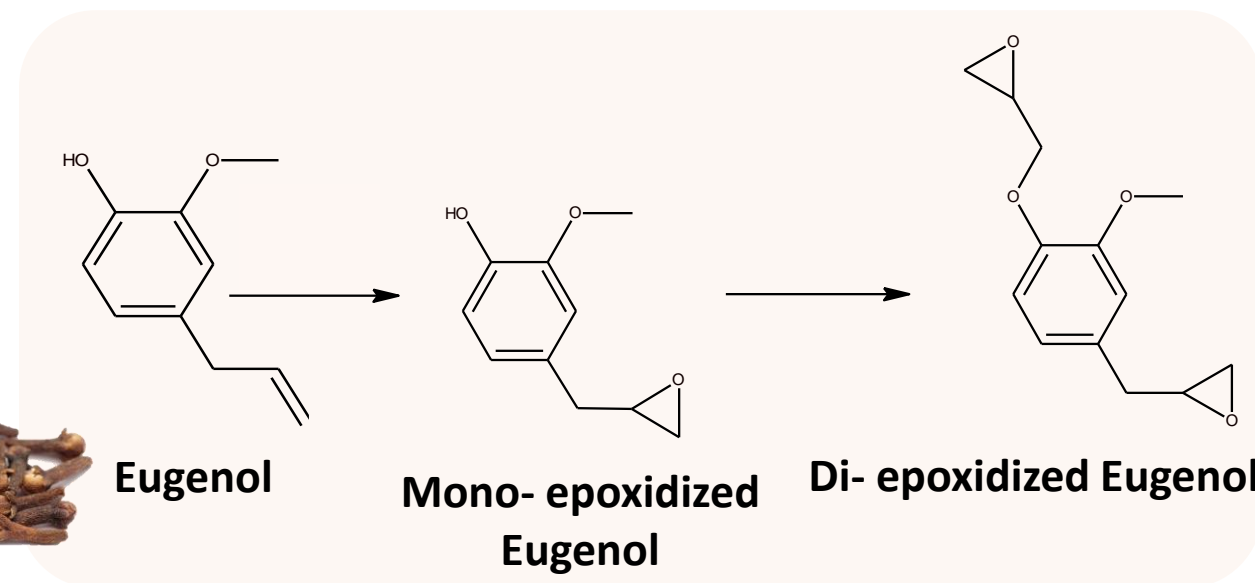
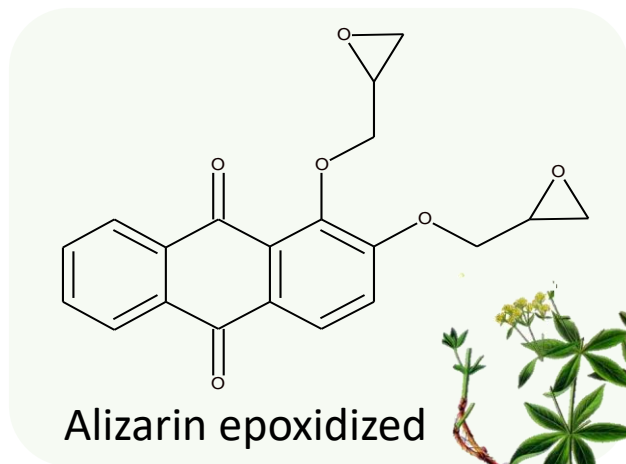
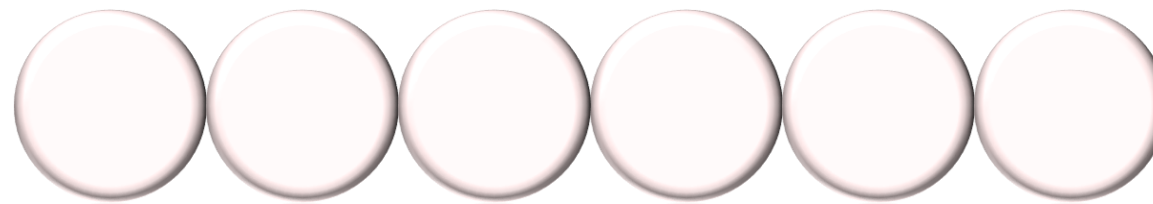
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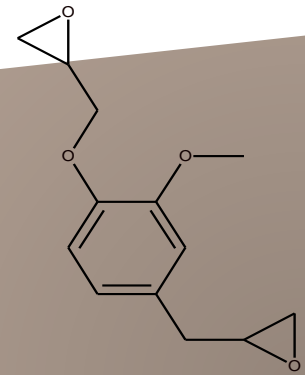
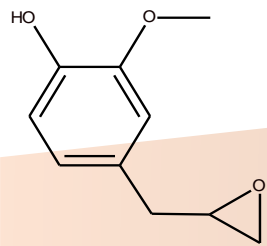


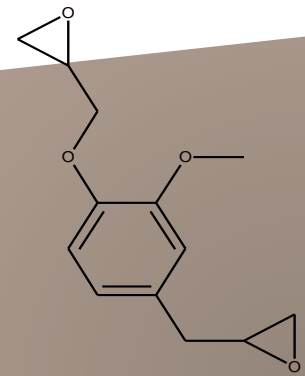
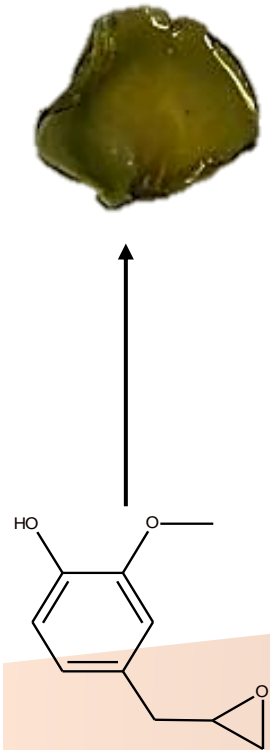
Polymer:



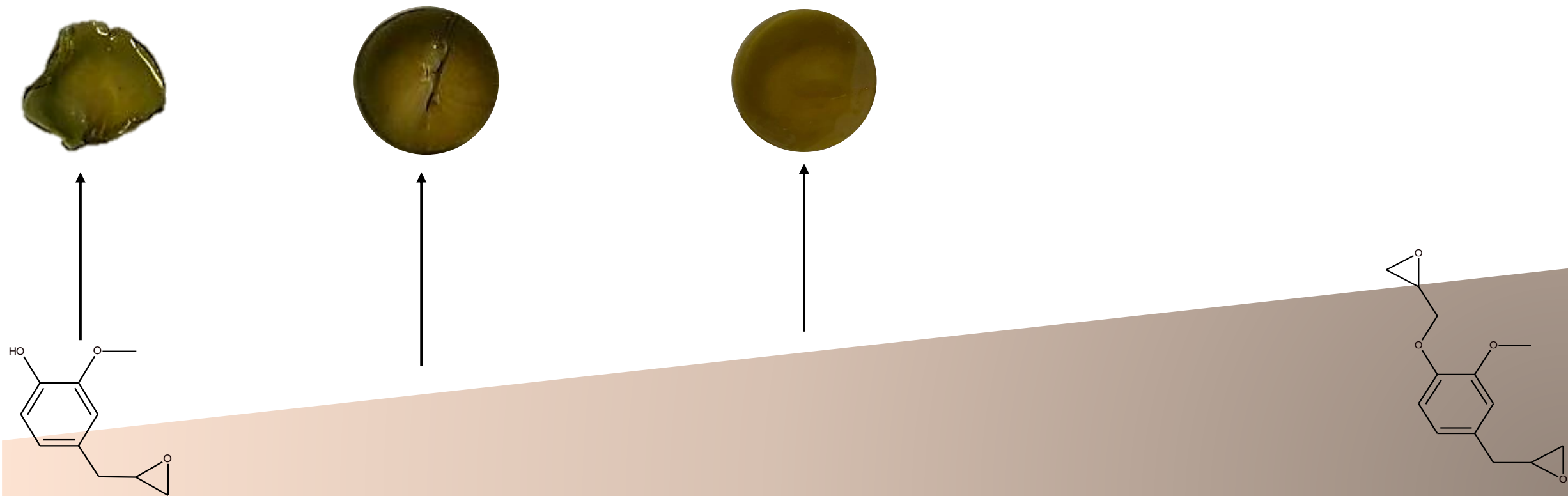
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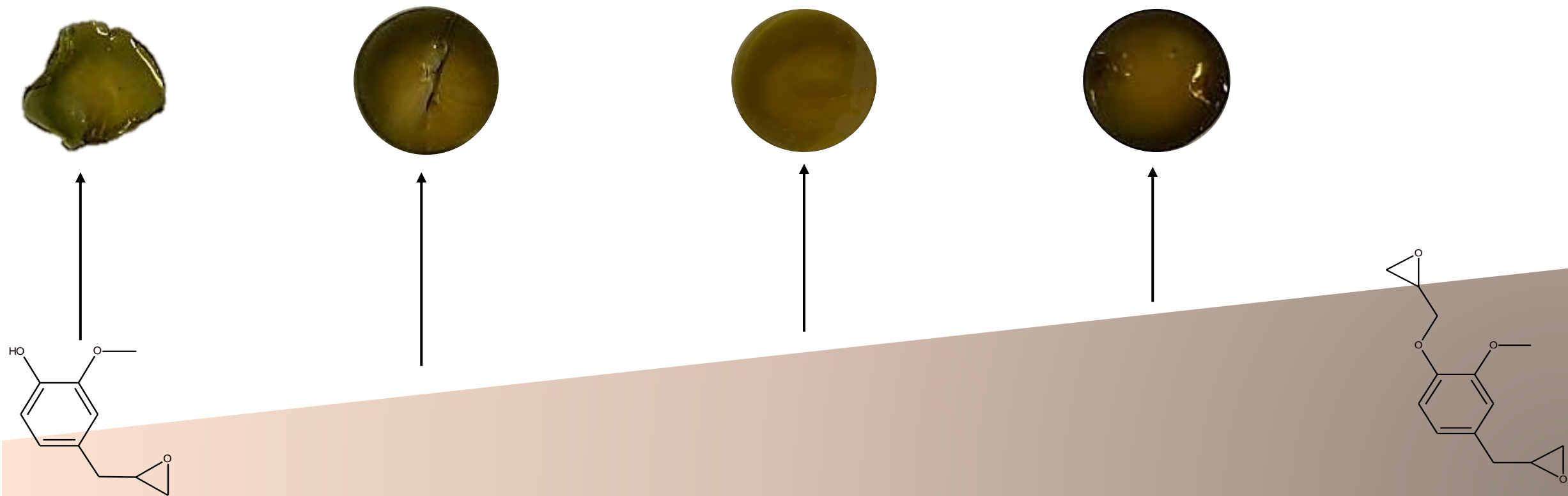


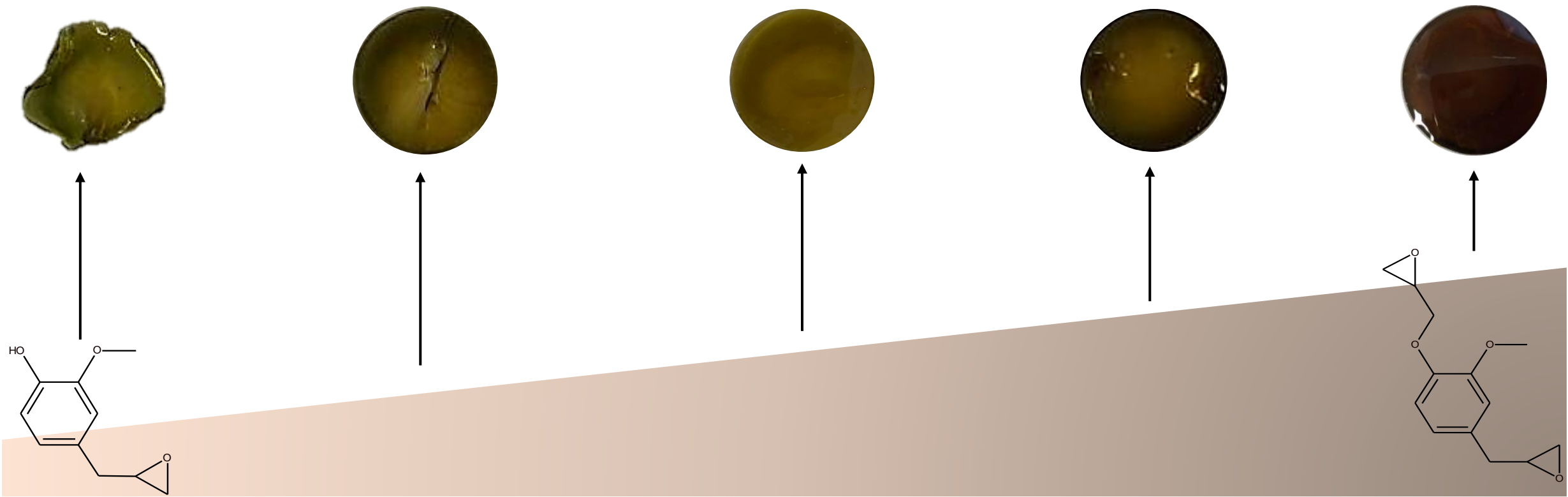


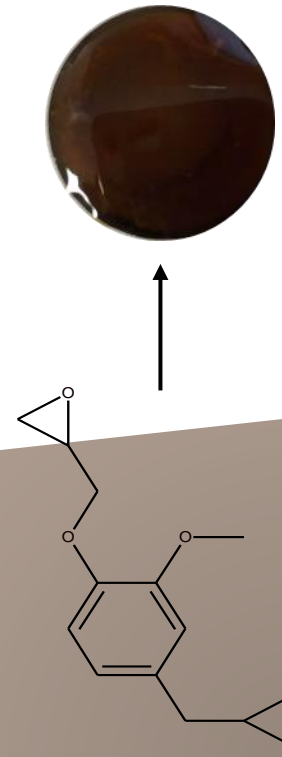
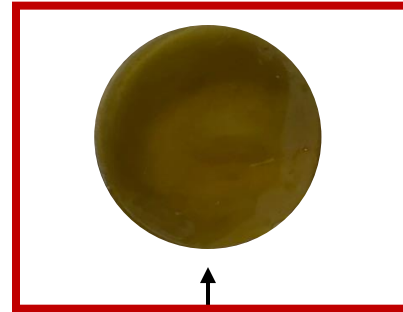
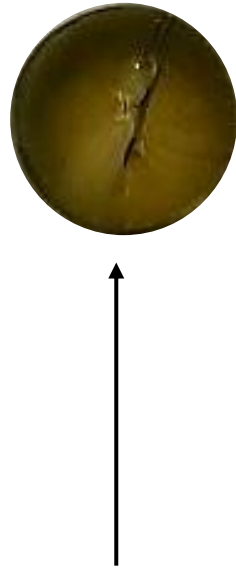
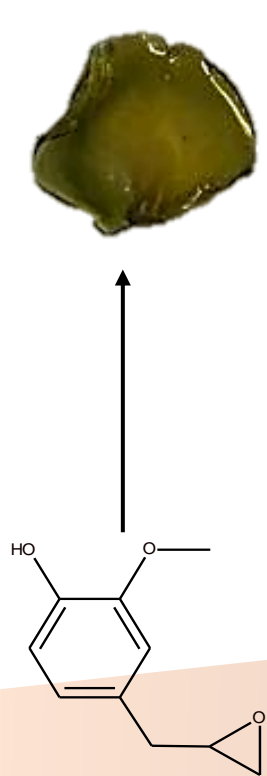








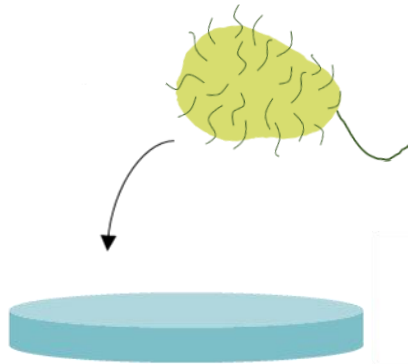




Alizarin epox- Eugenol mono + di-epoxydized
50/50

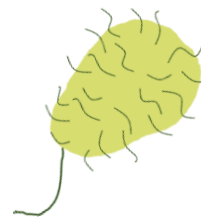


Antibacterial properties:



Solid pellet

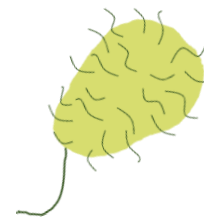
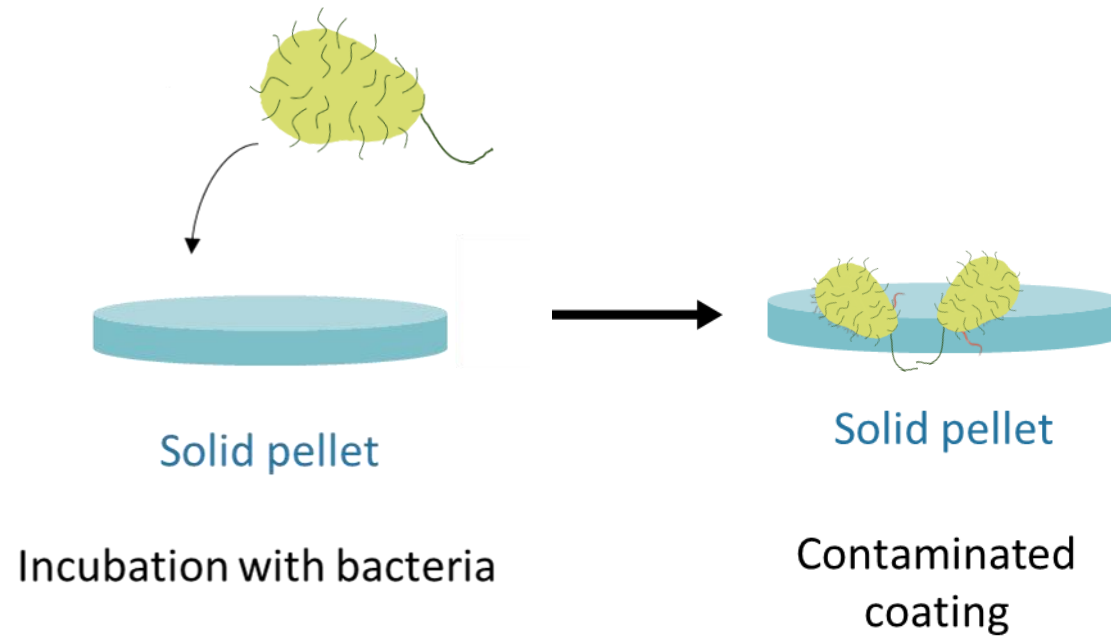
Incubation with bacteria



Bacteria strains:
Staphylococcus aureus
Escherichia coli



Antibacterial properties:



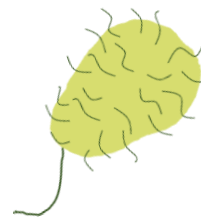
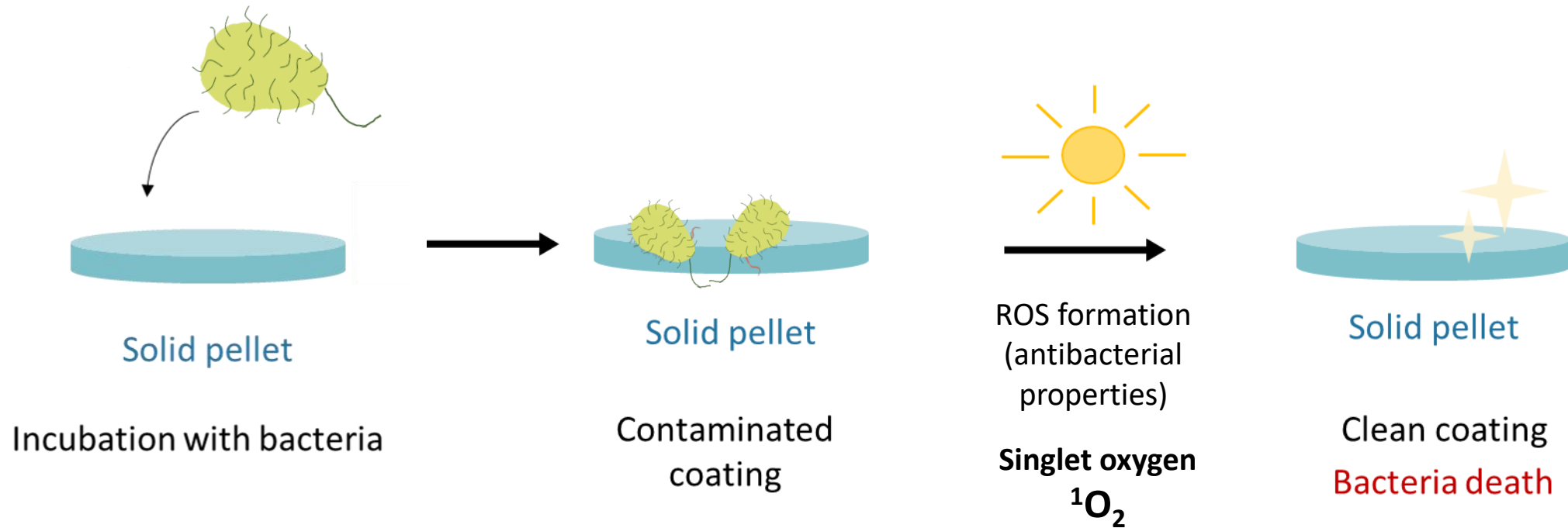
Bacteria strains:

Staphylococcus aureus

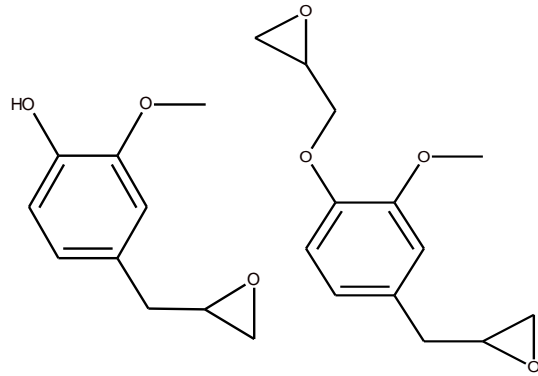
Escherichia coli

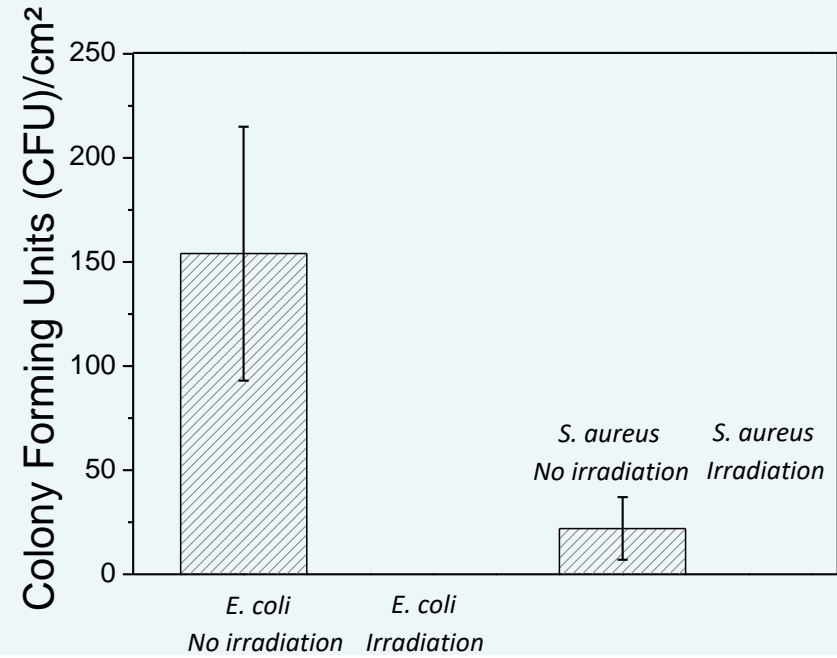
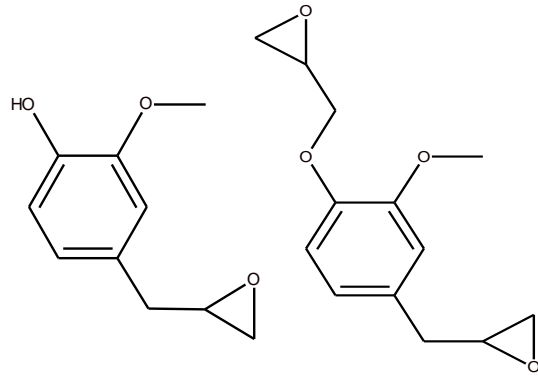


Antibacterial properties:

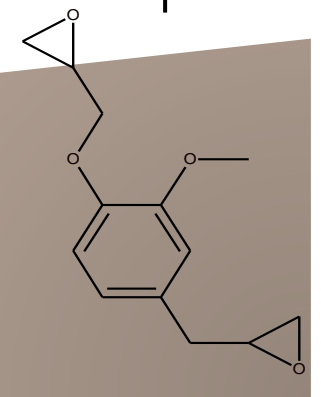
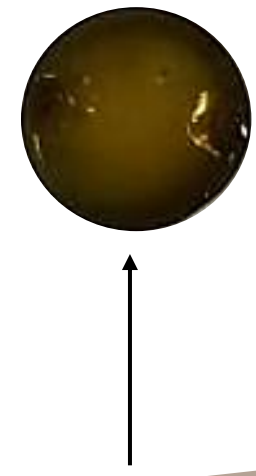
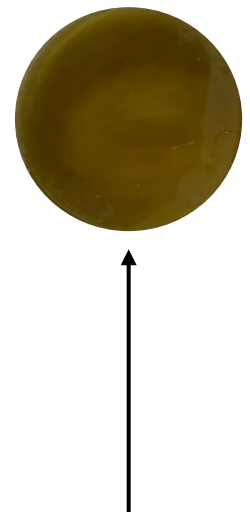
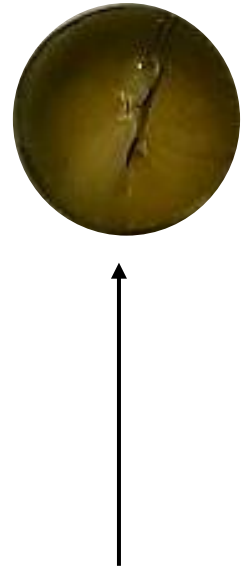
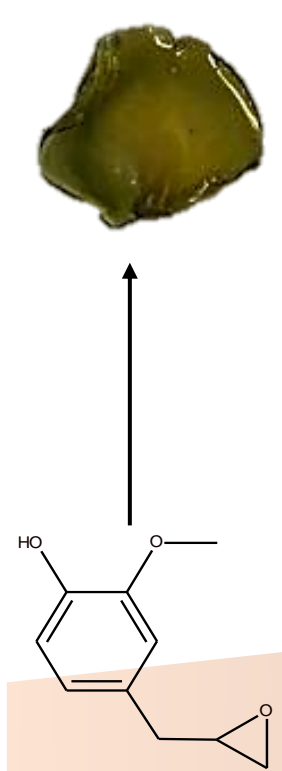


Bacteria strains:
Staphylococcus aureus
Escherichia coli



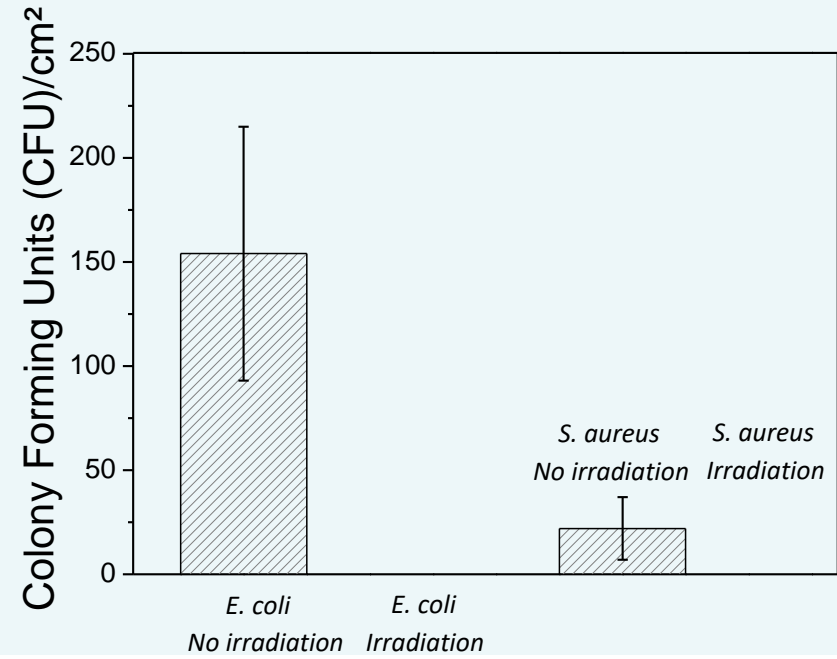
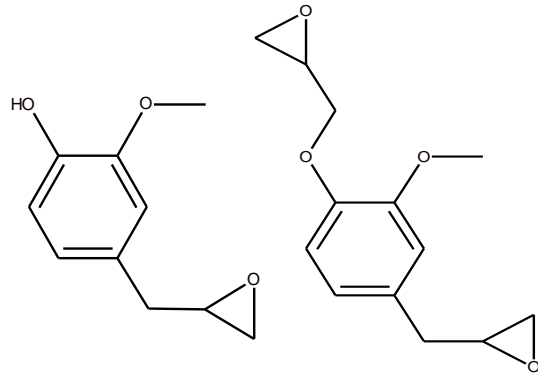


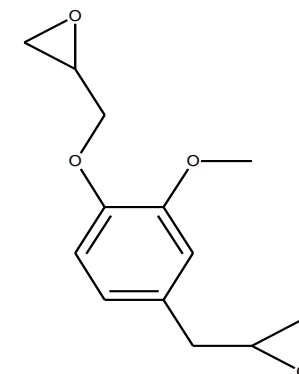
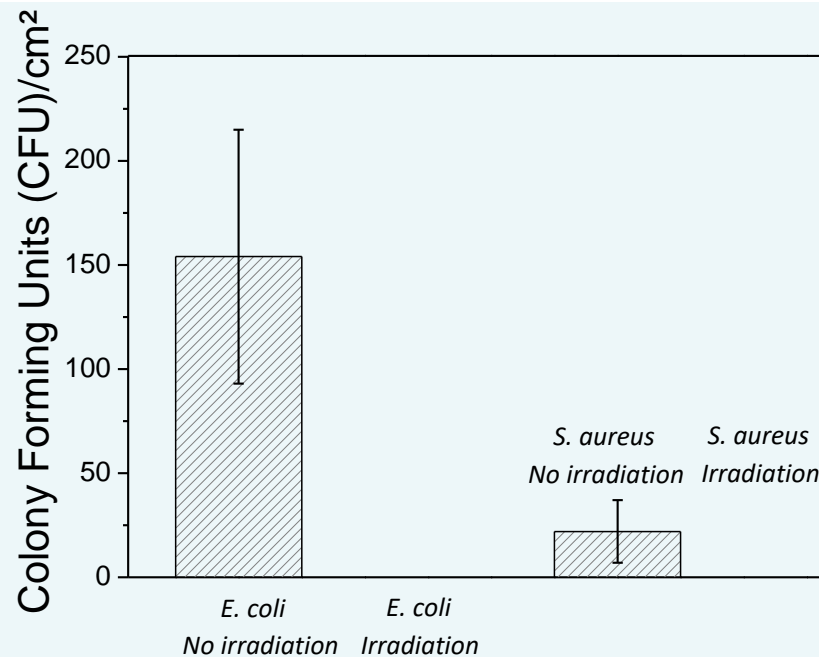
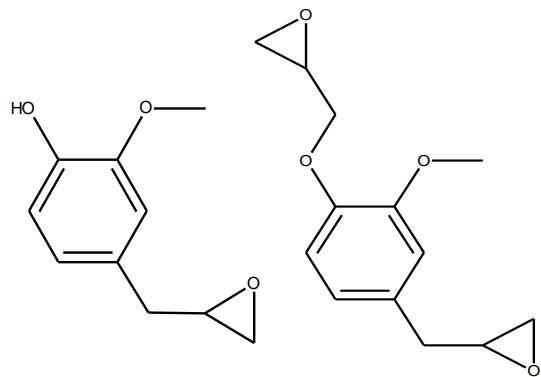


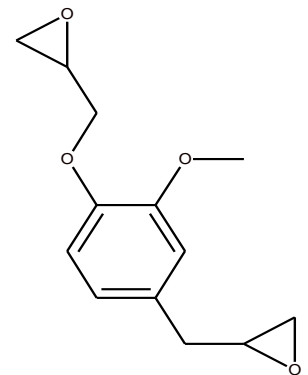
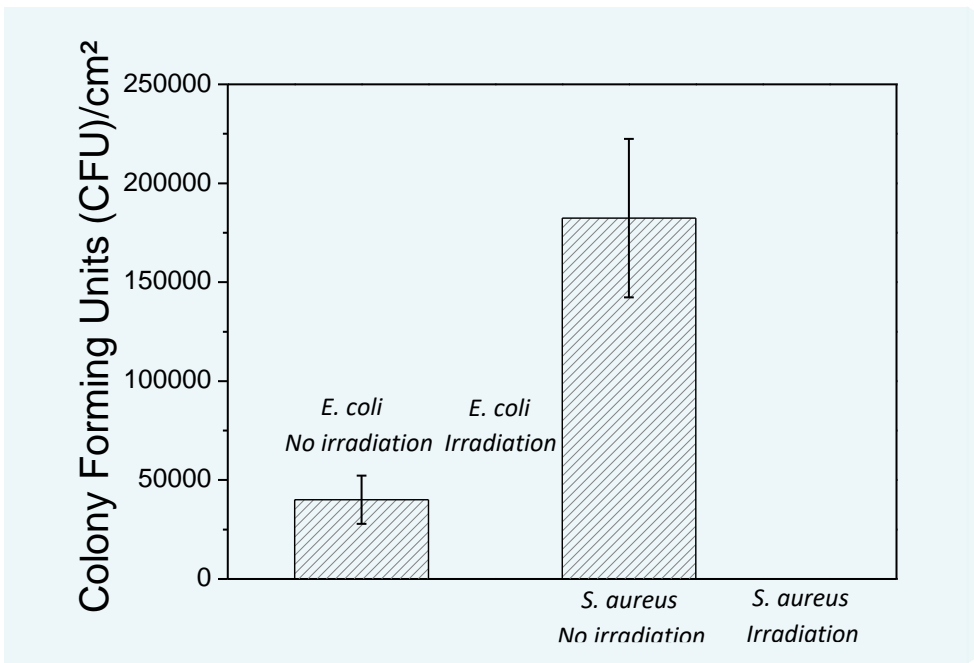
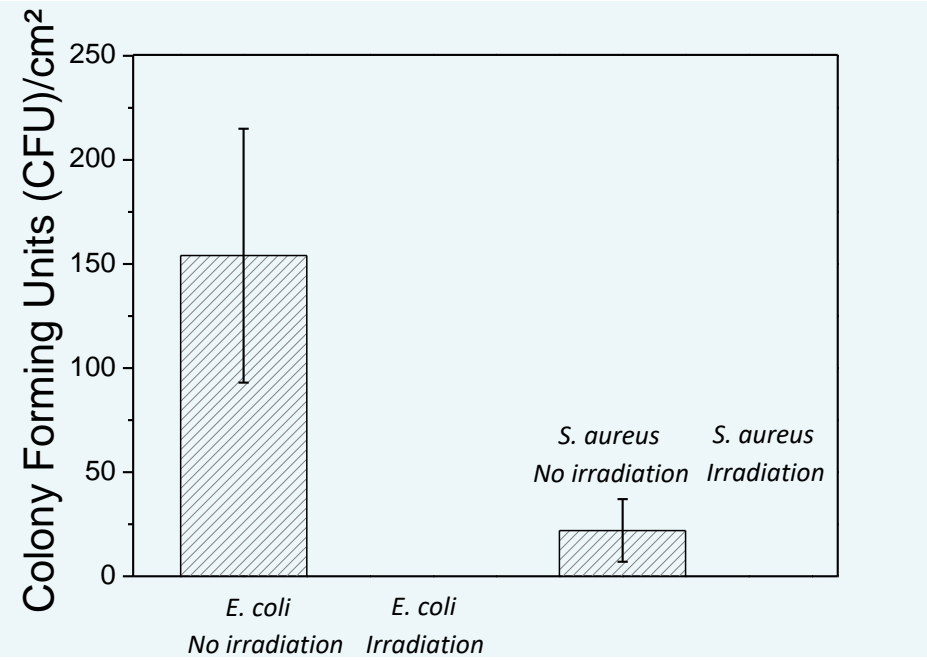
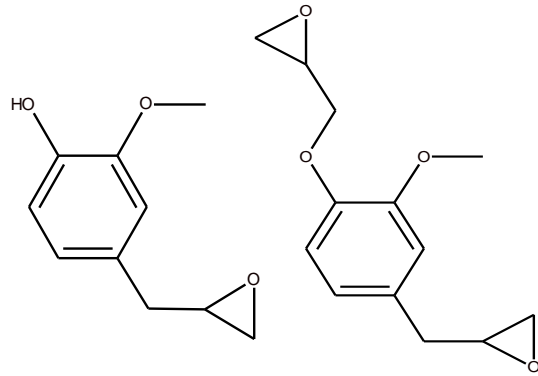


Alizarin epox- **Eugenol mono** + **di-**
epoxydized
50/50

Alizarin epox- **Eugenol**
di-epoxydized
100

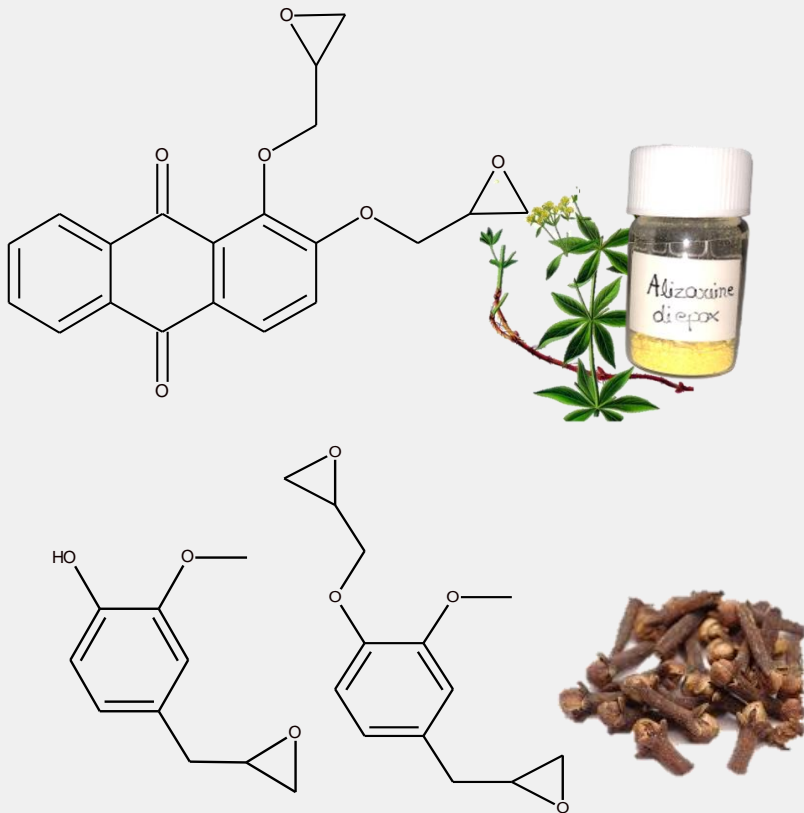






Conclusion:

Biological resources

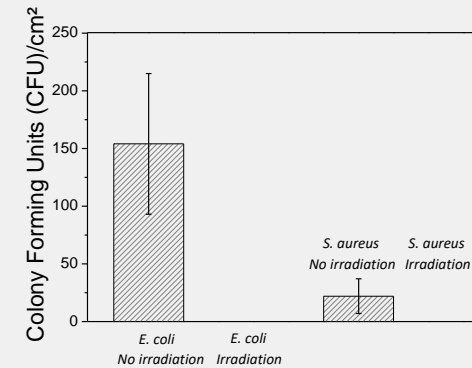


Antibacterial properties



Alizarin epox- Eugenol
mono + di-epoxydized
50/50

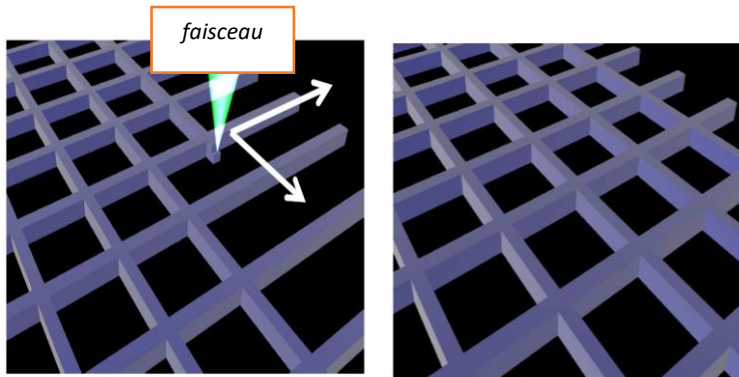
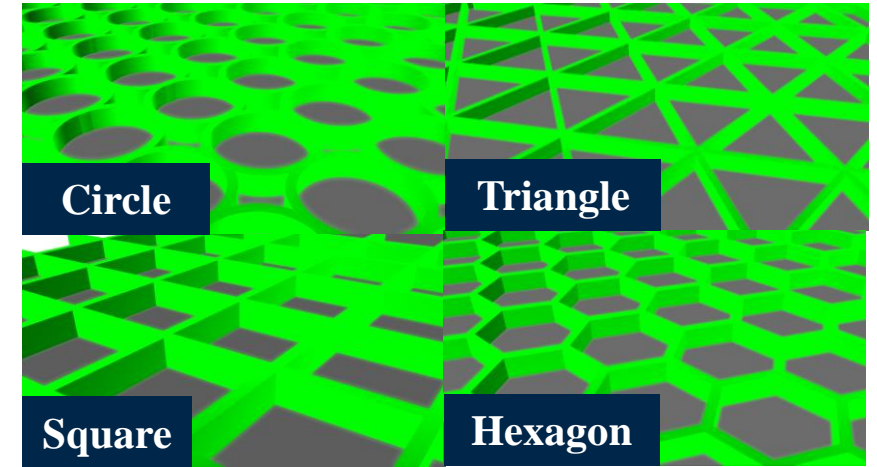
Tg = 65.14 °C



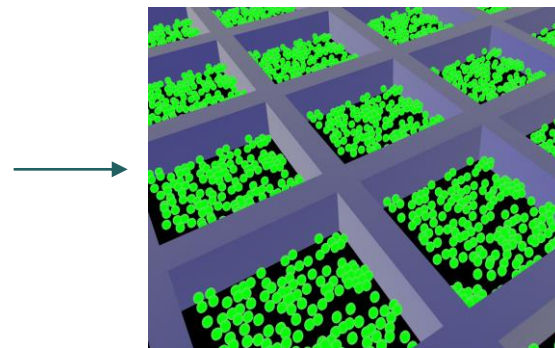
Perspectives:

→ 3D printing:
Surface microstructuring

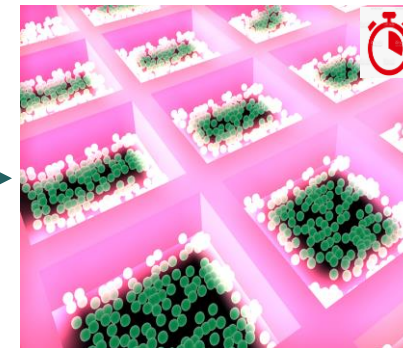
with different pore shapes



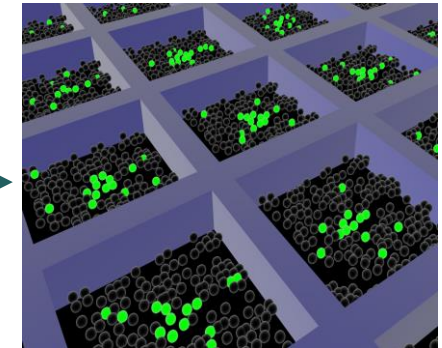
1. Coating microstructuring by 3D-Printing



2. Bacteria trapping



3. Visible irradiation: generation of ROS



4. Bacterial death

Acknowledgements

Supervisors:

Régis MOILLERON – *LEESU*

Davy-Louis VERSACE – *ICMPE*

Samir ABBAD ANDALOUSSI – *LEESU*

ICMPE – C3M department – *BioM&M's*

LEESU laboratory

ICGM laboratory

Thank you for your attention



Synthesis of innovative and bio-based materials for bacterial depollution

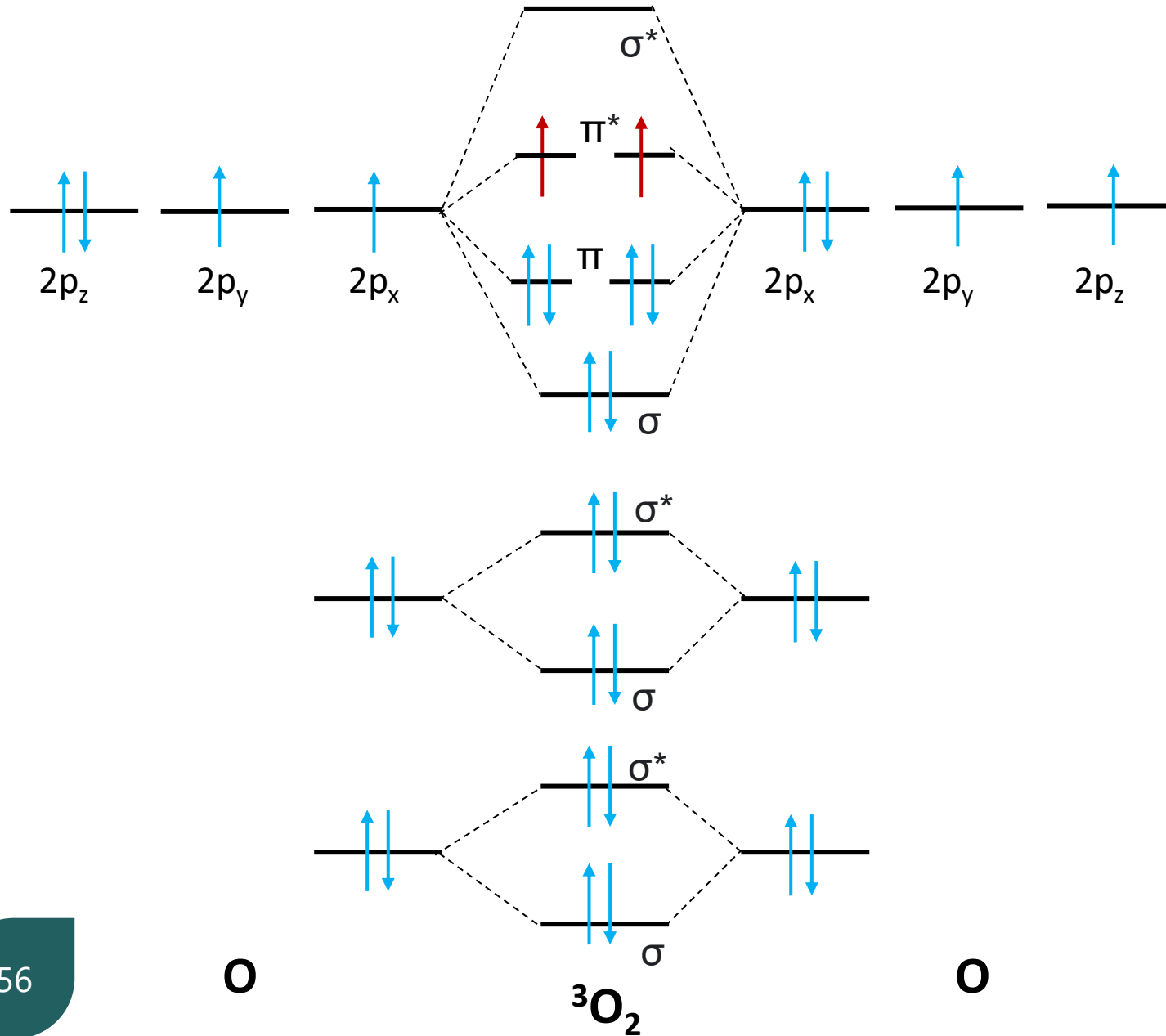
Christine Elian

Régis MOILLERON

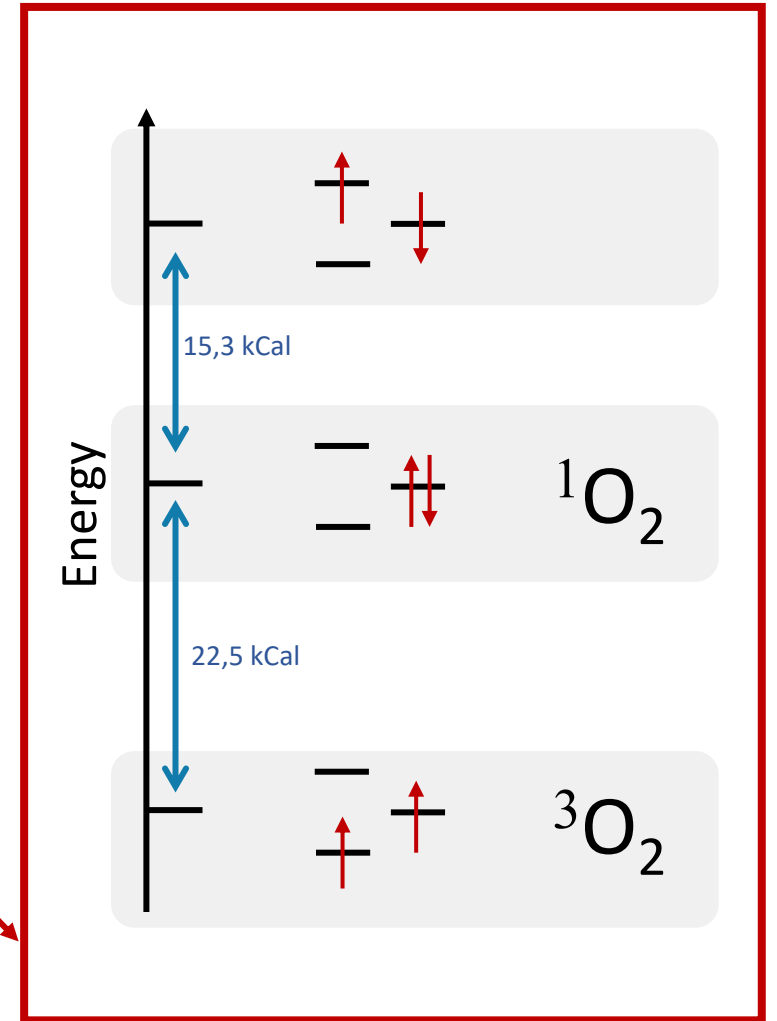
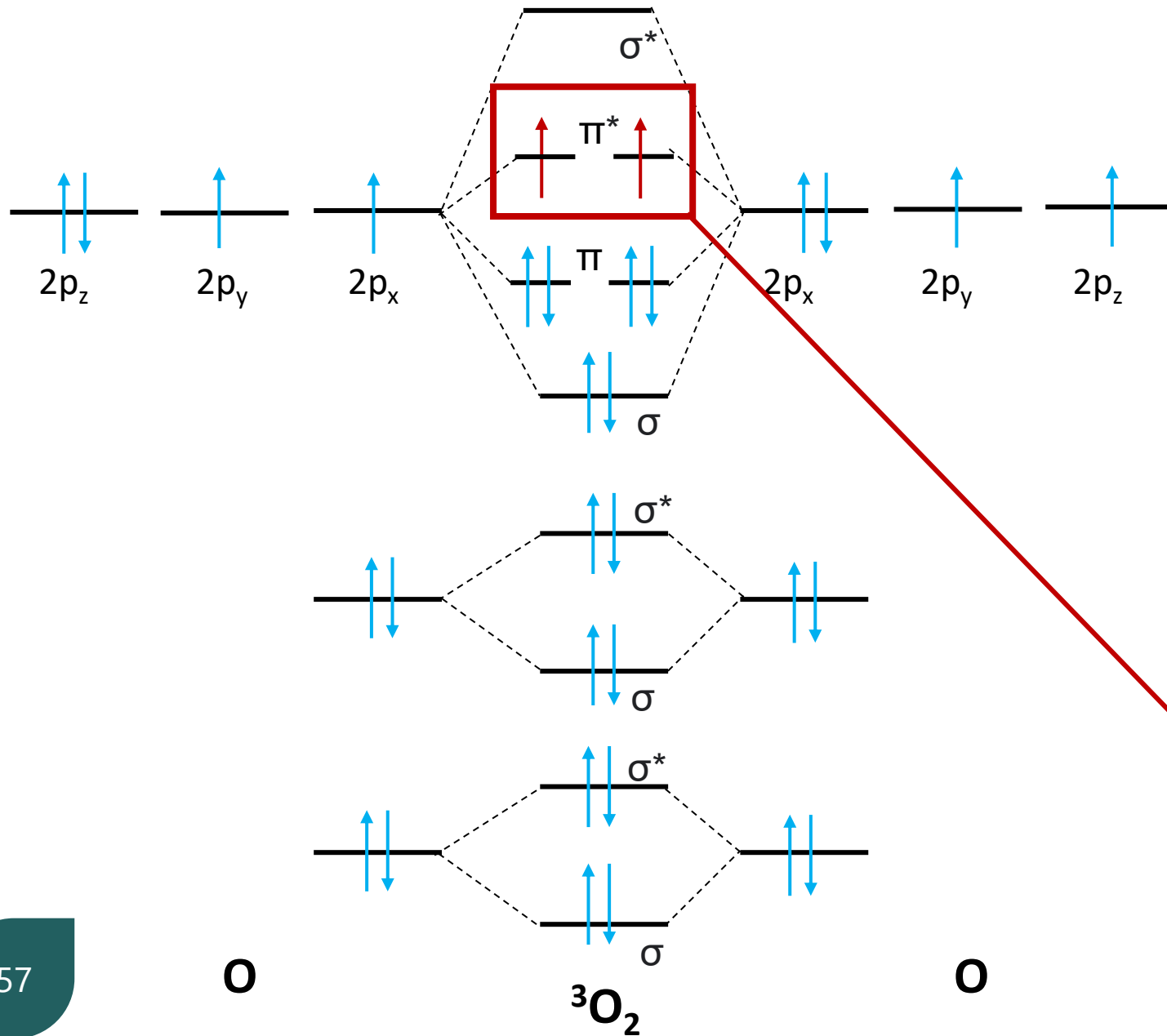
Davy-Louis VERSACE

Samir ABBAD ANDALOUSSI

Signlet oxygen $^1\text{O}_2$



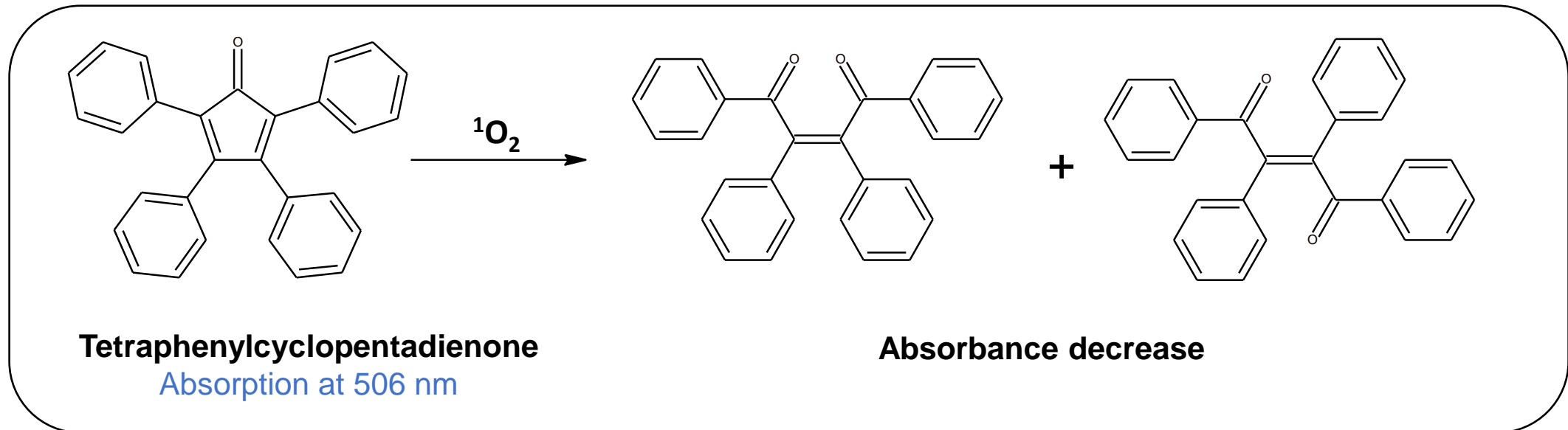
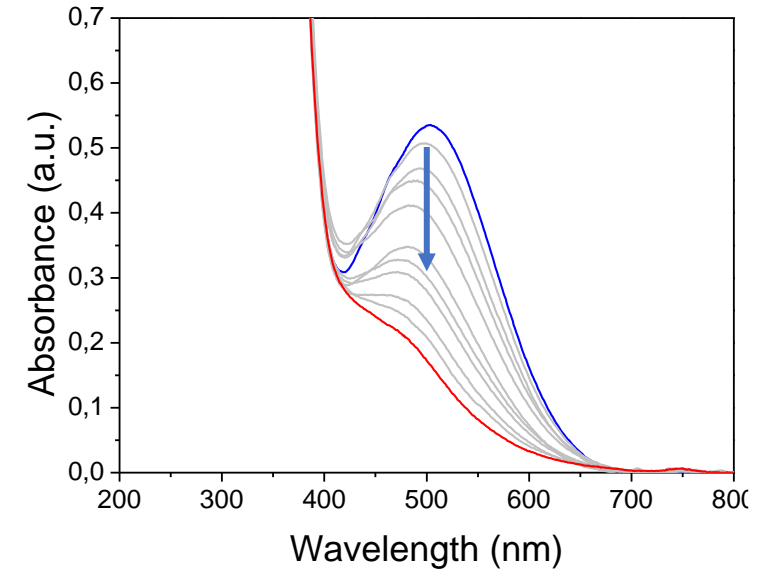
Signlet oxygen $^1\text{O}_2$



Formation of ROS



- ✓ ROS example : singlet oxygen $^1\text{O}_2$
- ✓ Demonstration of the presence of $^1\text{O}_2$: oxidation

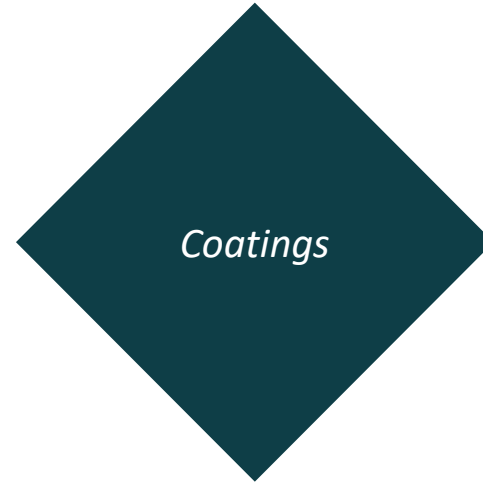




Photochemistry:

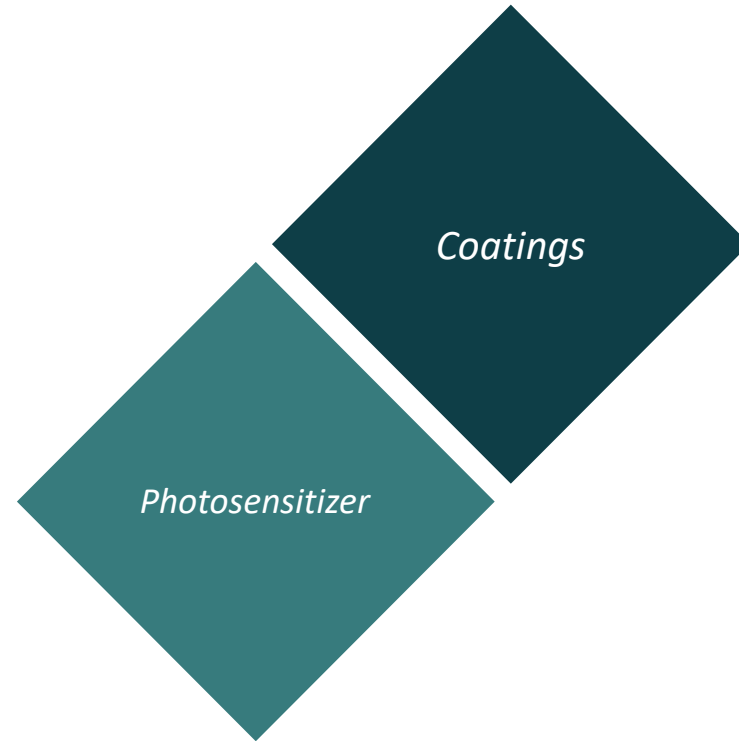


Photochemistry:

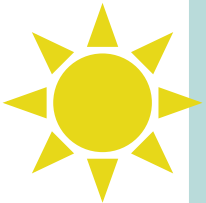




Photochemistry:



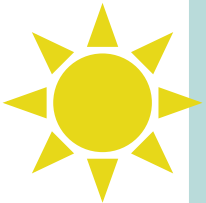
Photochemistry:

- 
- ✓ Absorption of light energy
 - ✓ In the visible range = coloured molecule

Photosensitizer

Coatings

Photochemistry:

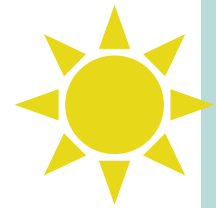
- 
- ✓ Absorption of light energy
 - ✓ In the visible range = coloured molecule

Photosensitizer

Coatings

Photoinitiator

Photochemistry:



- ✓ Absorption of light energy
- ✓ In the visible range = coloured molecule

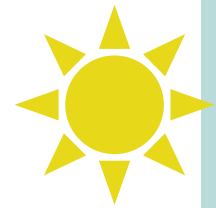
Coatings

Photosensitizer

Photoinitiator

- ✓ In the visible range: not able to initiate polymerization → need a dye

Photochemistry:



- ✓ Absorption of light energy
- ✓ In the visible range = coloured molecule

Coatings

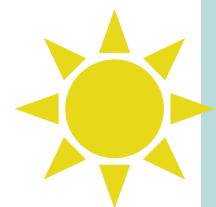
Photosensitizer

Monomers

Photoinitiator

- ✓ In the visible range: not able to initiate polymerization → need a dye

Photochemistry:



- ✓ Absorption of light energy
- ✓ In the visible range = coloured molecule

Coatings

Photosensitizer

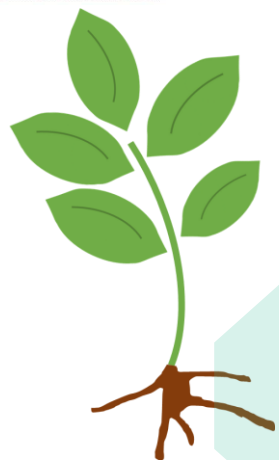
Monomers

- ✓ Molecule with reactive functions

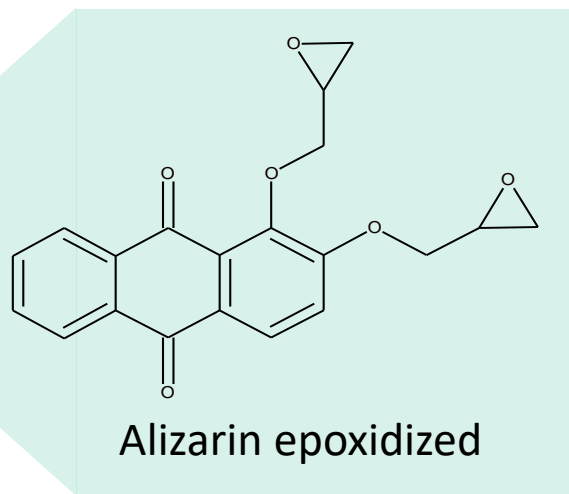
- ✓ Able to form networks

Photoinitiator

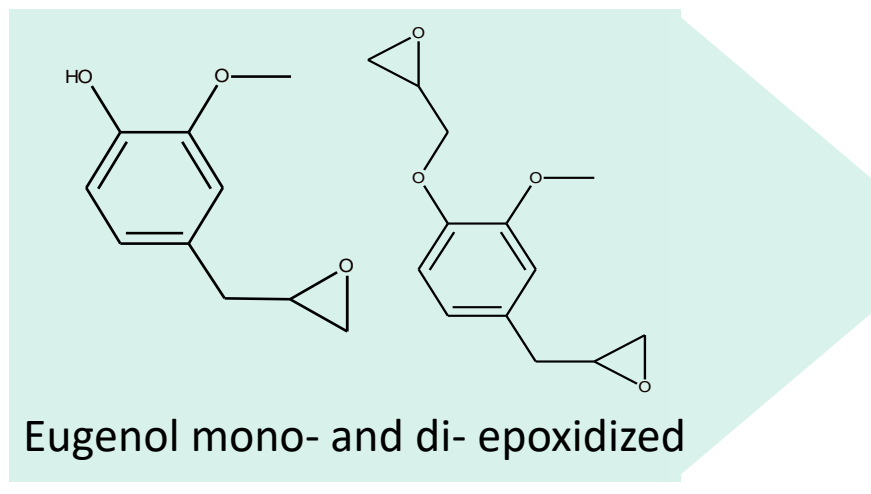
- ✓ In the visible range: not able to initiate polymerization → need a dye



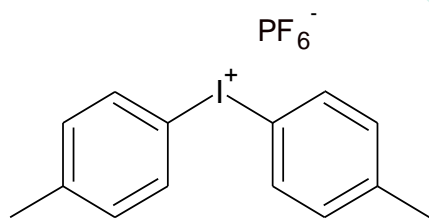
Photosensitizer



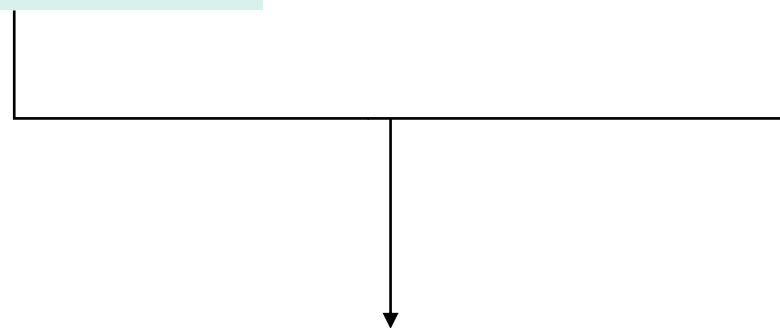
Monomers



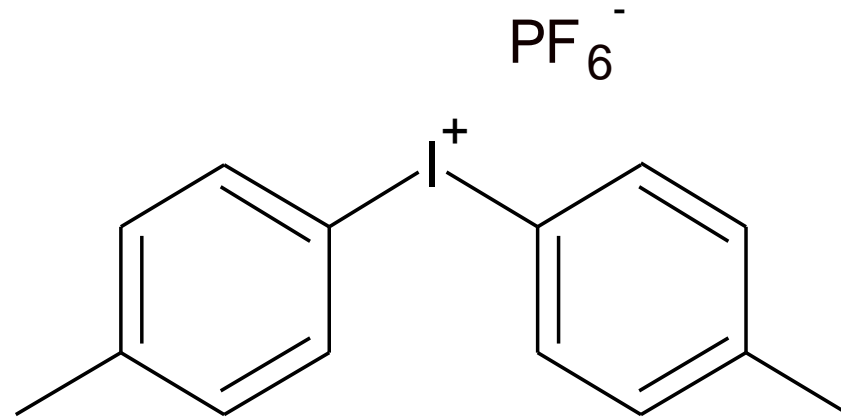
+ Photoinitiator



+



Antibacterial materials

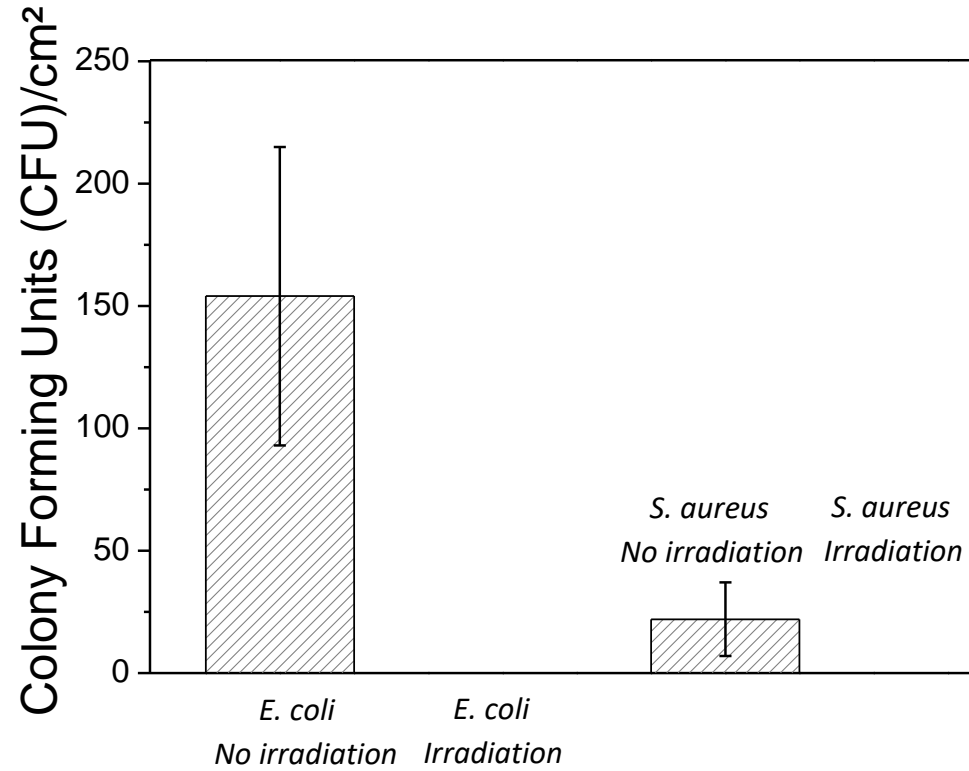


bis(4-methylphenyl)iodonium
hexafluoro-phosphate

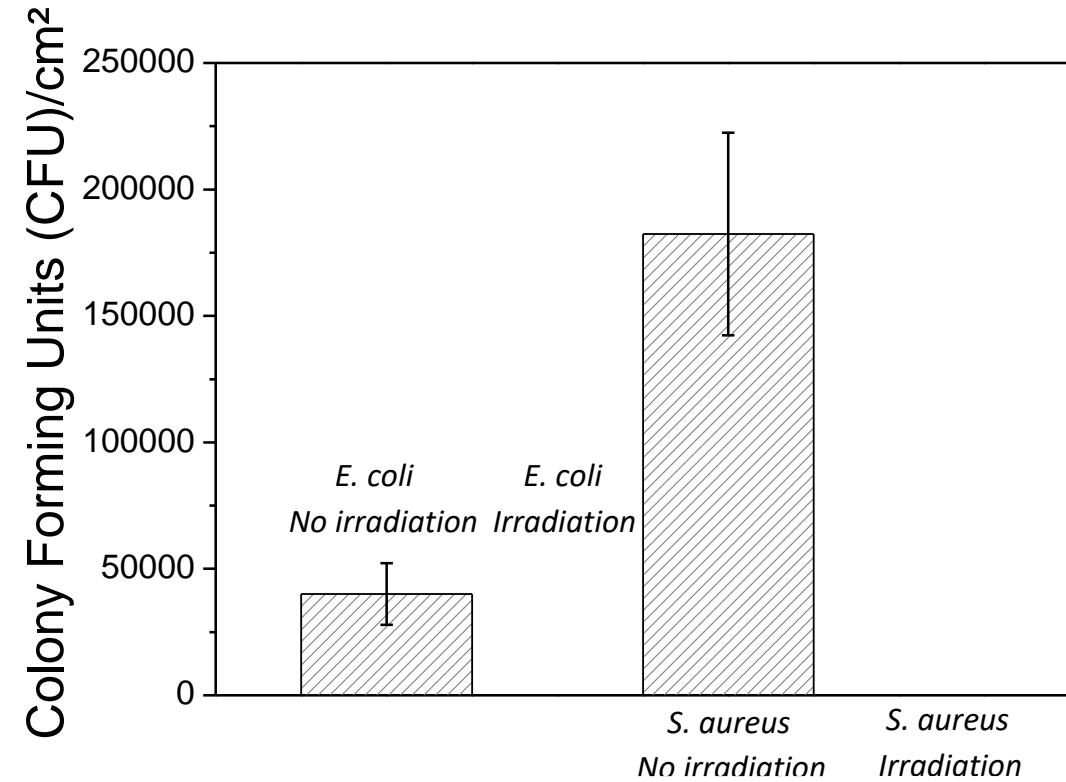
Iod



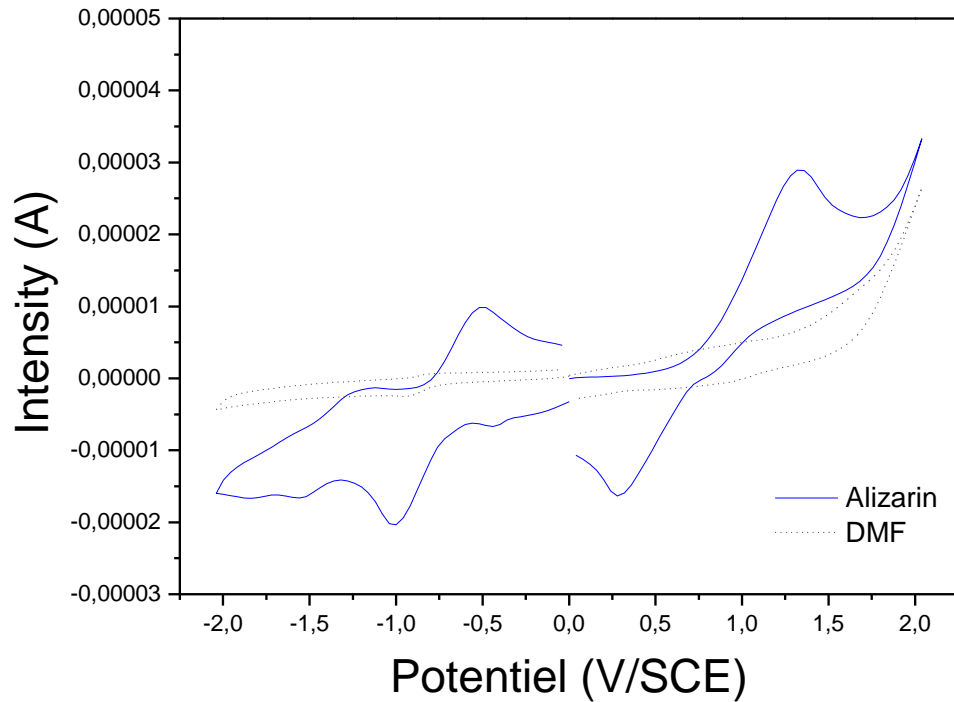
AE-Iod-Eugenol mono di 50/50



AE-Iod-Eugenol di 100

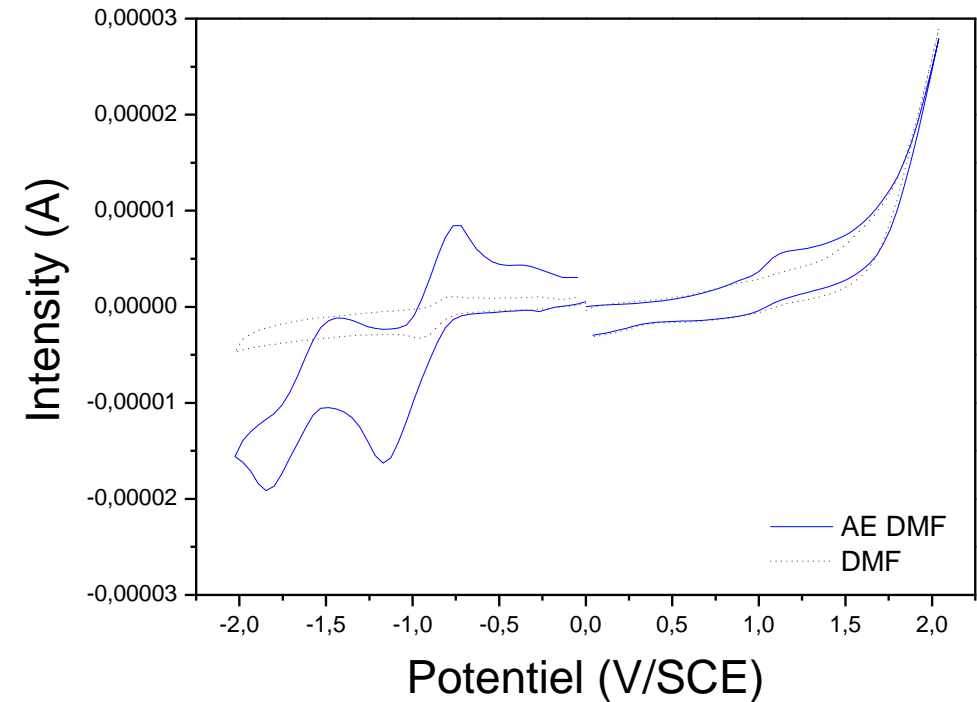


Voltamperometry cyclic



Alizarin

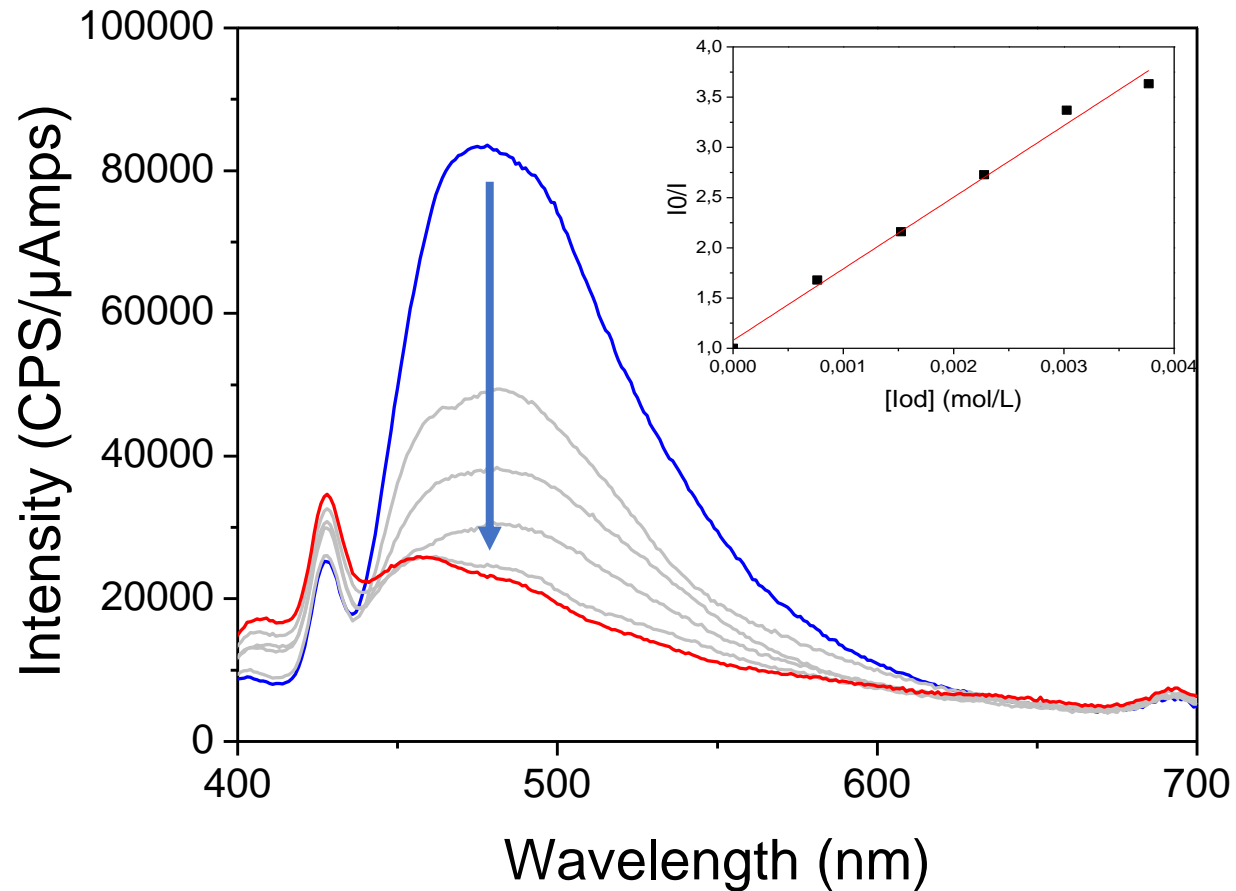
$$E_{\text{red}} = -1.559 \text{ V/ESC}$$
$$E_{\text{ox}} = 1.319 \text{ V/ESC}$$



Alizarin di-epoxidized

$$E_{\text{red}} = -1.845 \text{ V/ESC}$$
$$E_{\text{ox}} = 1.159 \text{ V/ESC}$$

Fluorescence



$$\lambda_{em} = 481 \text{ nm}$$

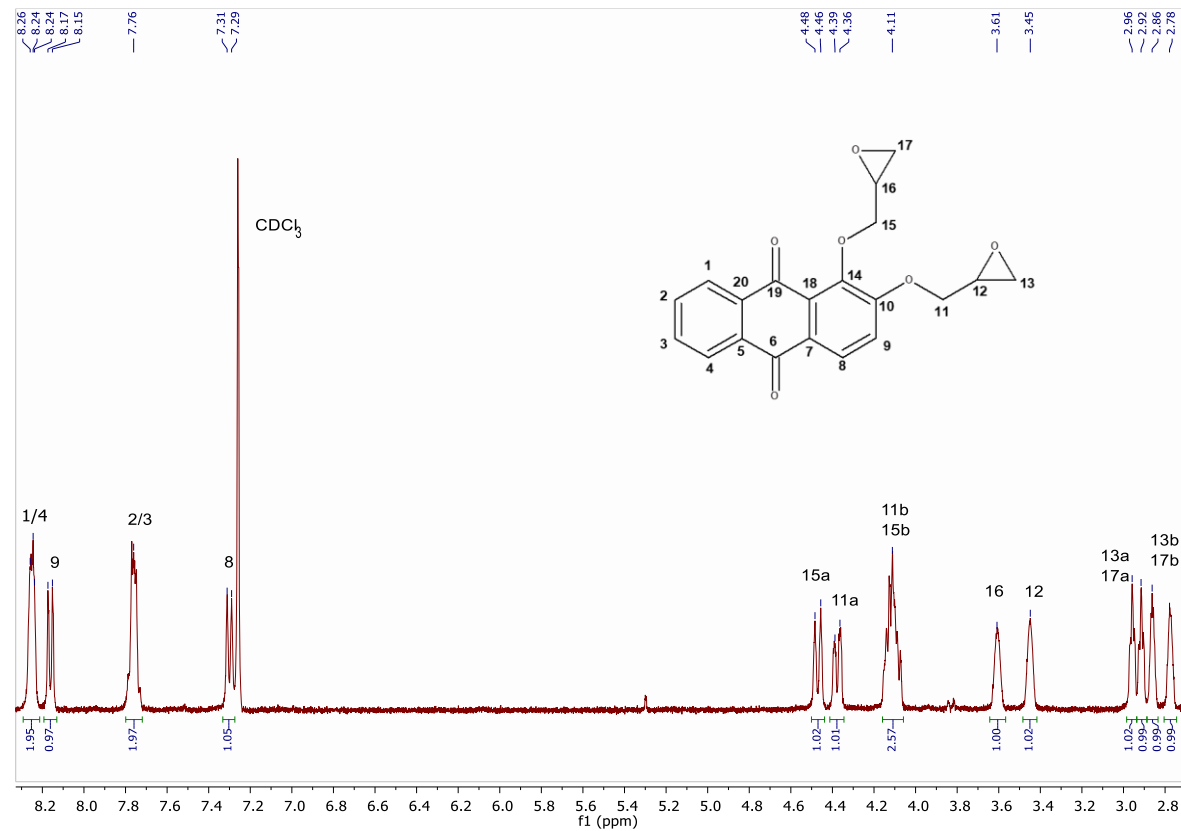
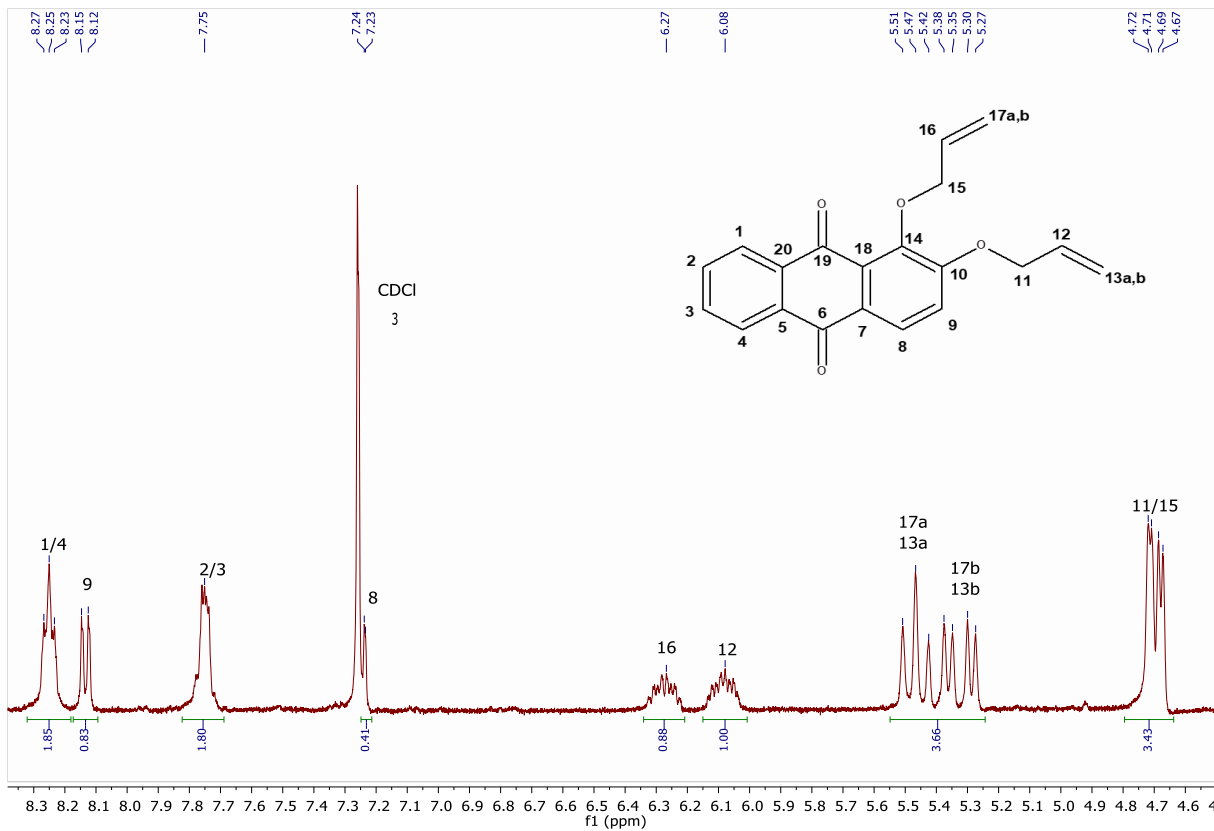
$$E_s = 2,58 \text{ eV}$$

$$\Delta G = (E_{ox} - E_{red}) - E_s \text{ (ou } E_T)$$

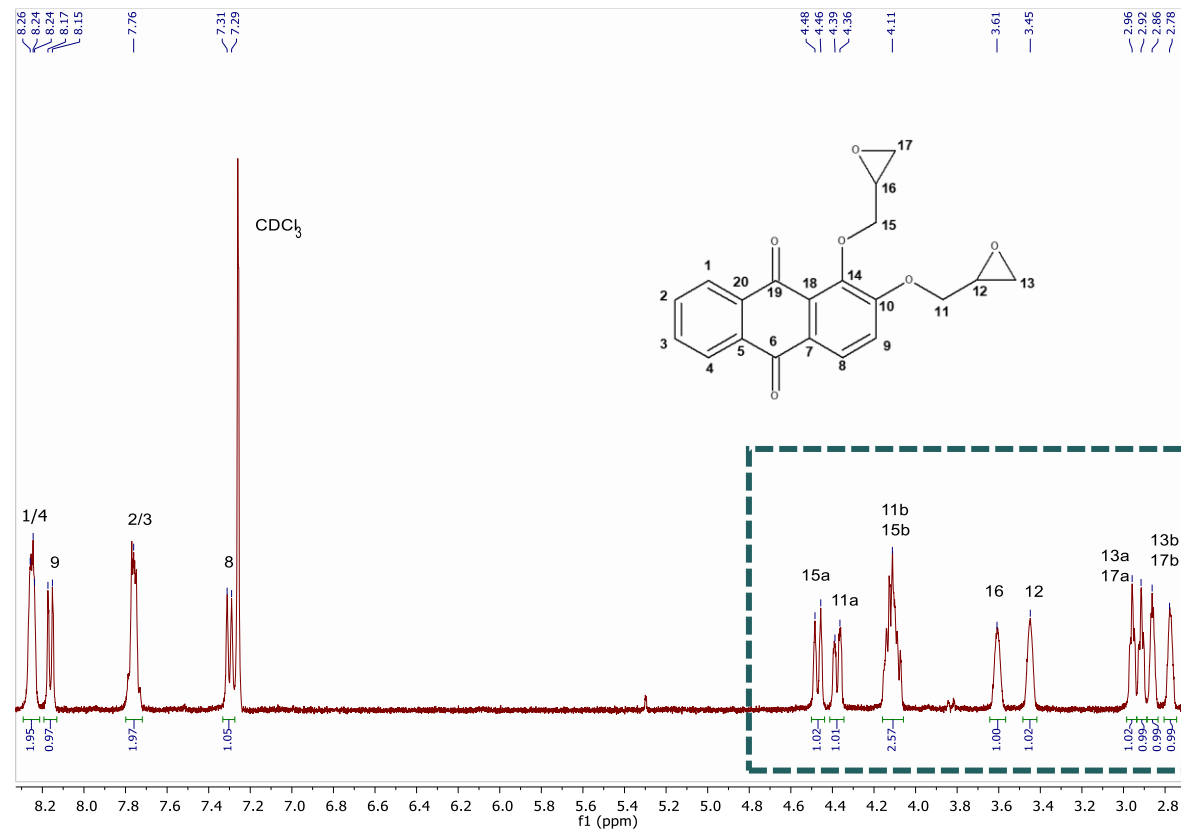
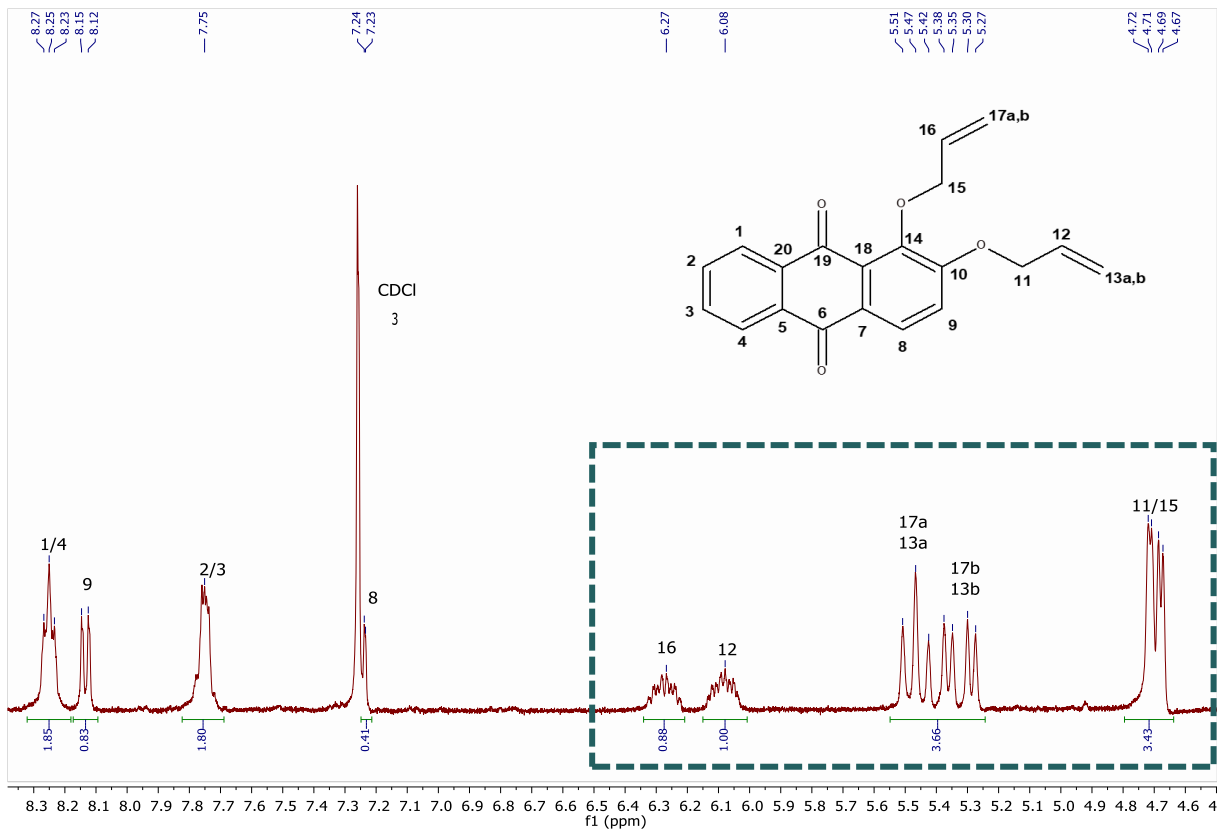
$$\text{With } E_{lod} = E_{red} = -0.2 \text{ V}$$

$$\Delta G = -1.22 < 0$$

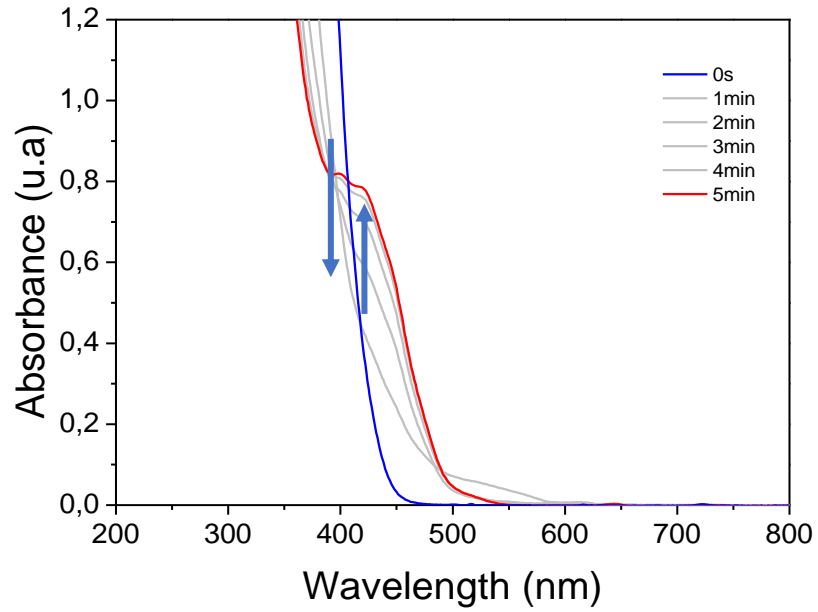
NMR characterization



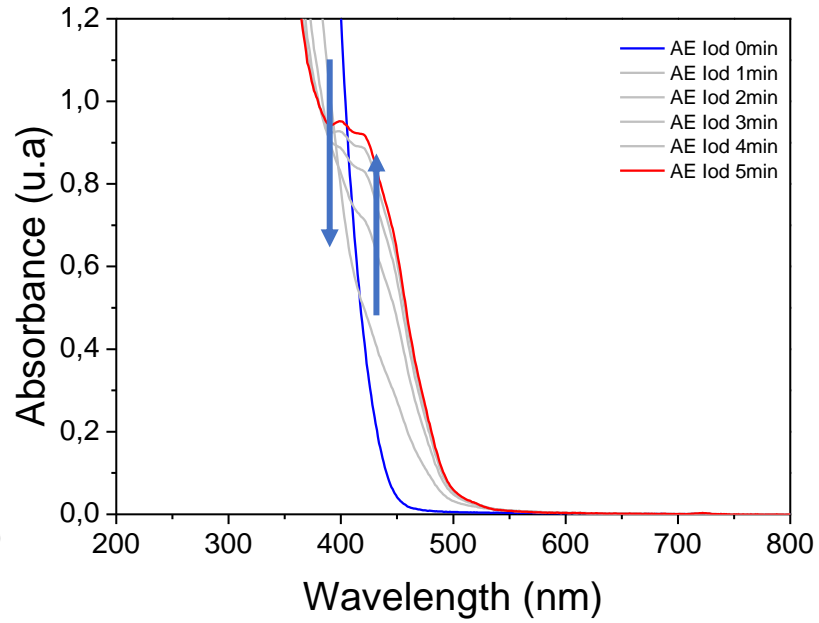
NMR characterization



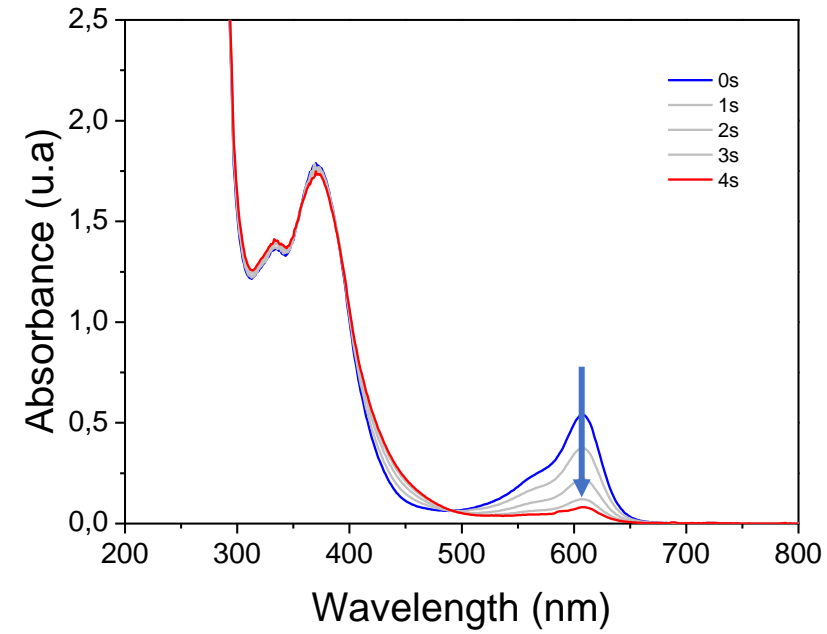
Photolysis



AE



AE-Iod



AE-Iod-Bromophenol blue